



THAI VS INTERNATIONAL PRISON

POPULATION VS PRISON POPULATION

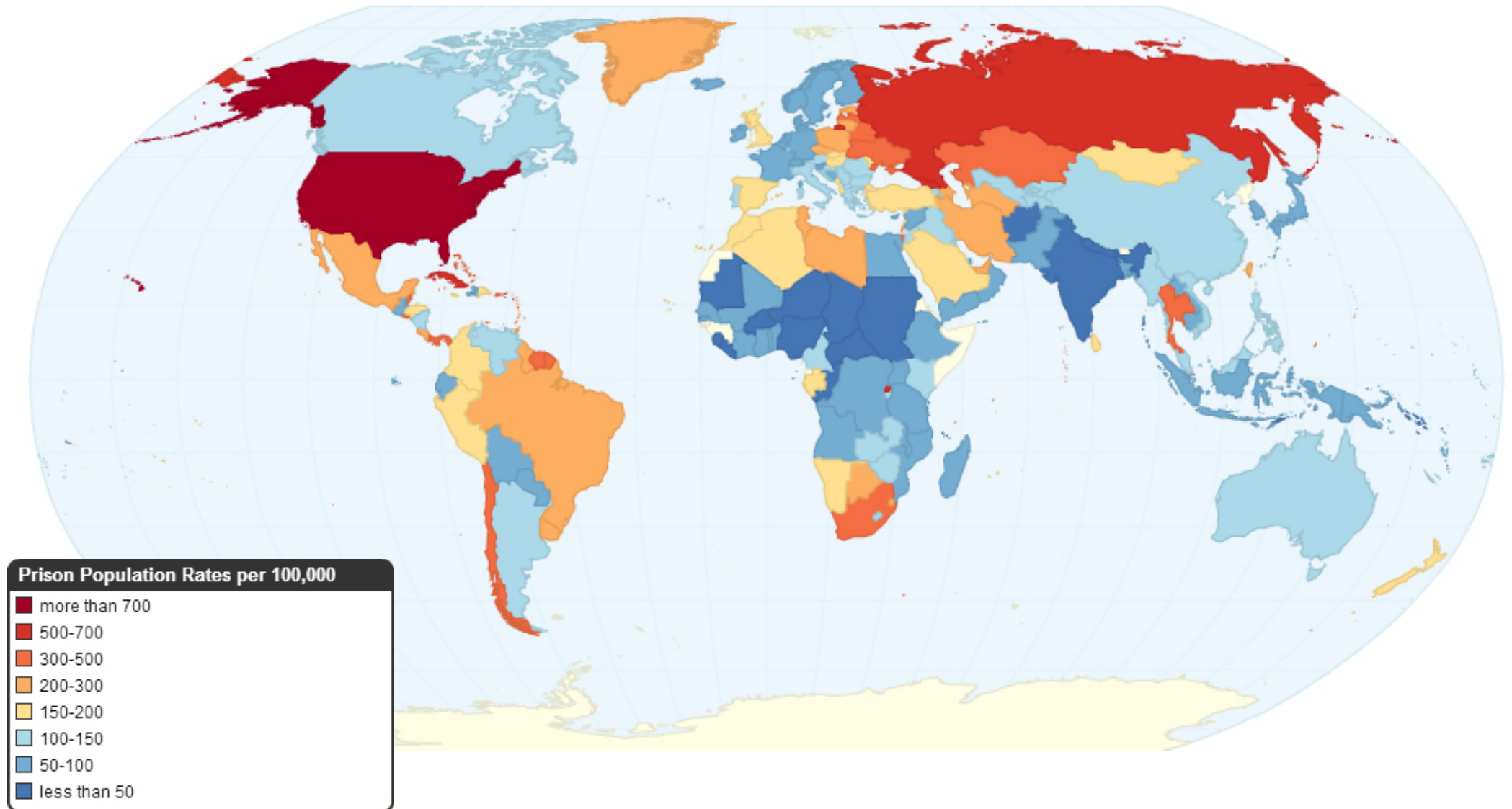
GEOGRAPHICAL ANALYSIS

PROGRAM AND ACTIVITY

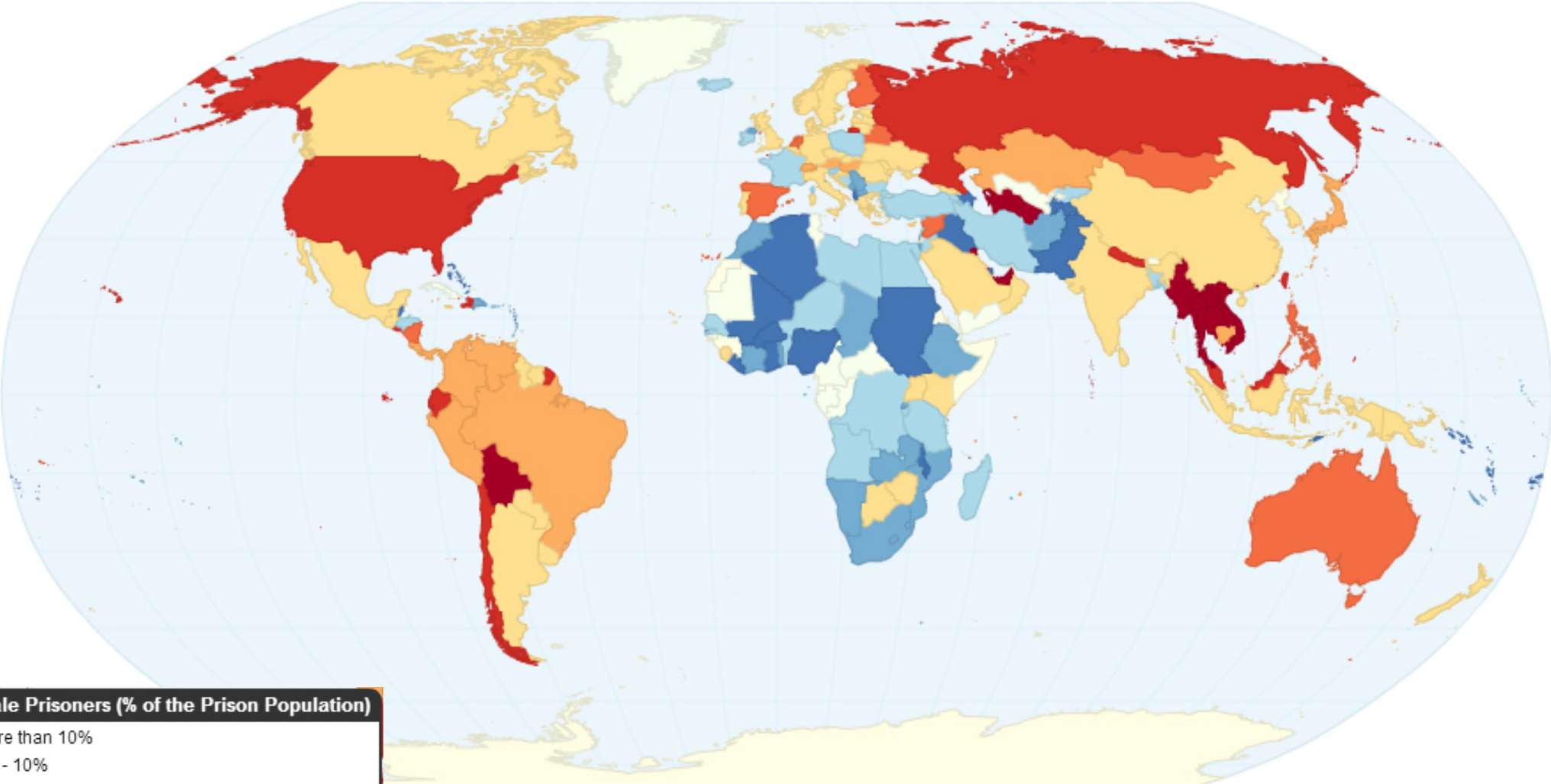
PRISON ORGANIZATION

COMPARE CASESTUDY

WORLD PRISON POPULATION PER 100,000 OF NATION POPULATION



WORLD FEMALE PRISONERS(PERCENTAGE WITH PRSON POPULATION)



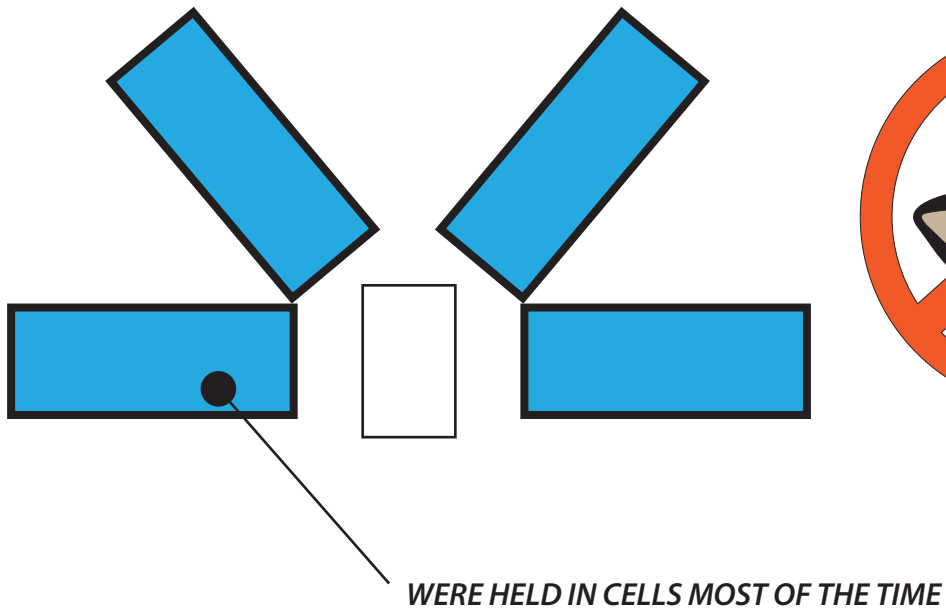
Female Prisoners (% of the Prison Population)

- more than 10%
- 8% - 10%
- 7% - 8%
- 6% - 7%
- 4% - 6%
- 3% - 4%
- 2% - 3%
- less than 2%

PRISON HISTORY

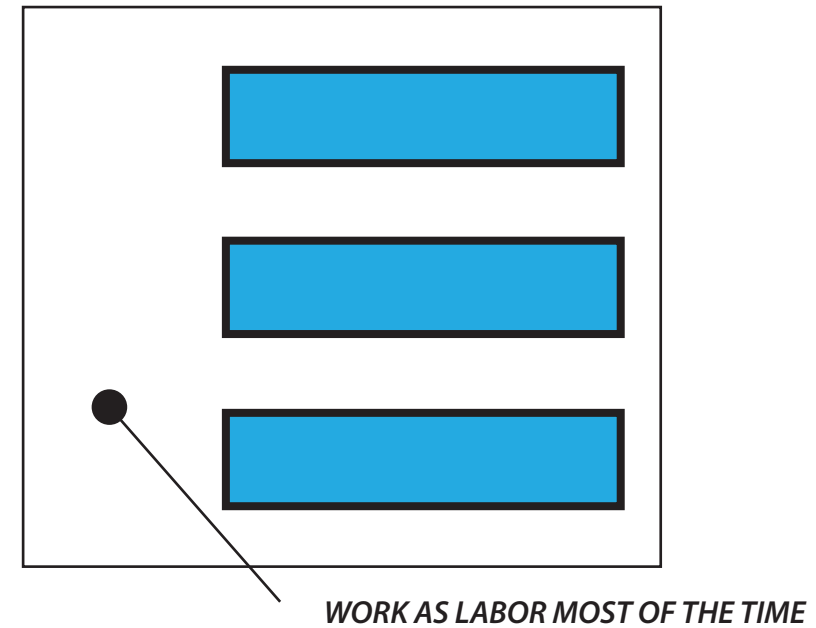
TWO PENITENTIARY MODEL (1829-1865)

PENNSYLVANIA SYSTEM



"SEPARATE AND SILENT"

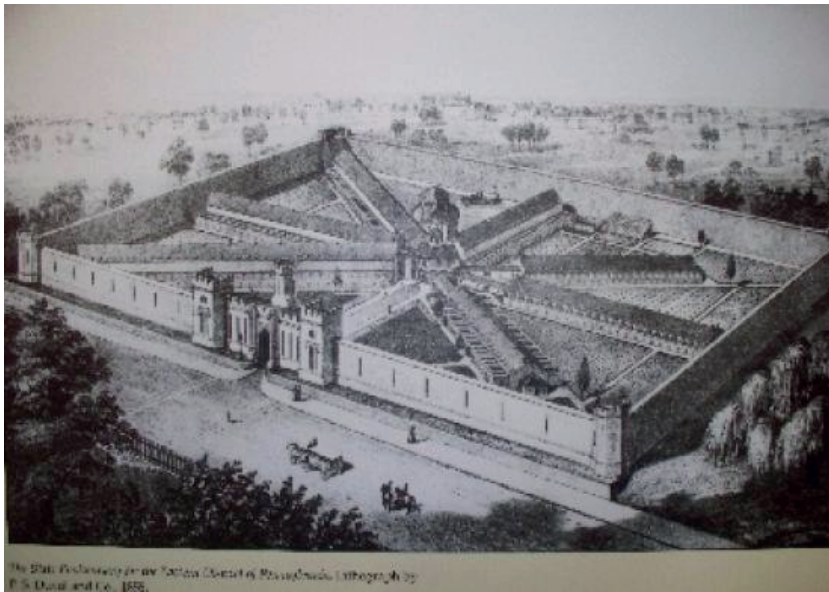
AUBURN SYSTEM



"CONGREGATE YET SILENT"

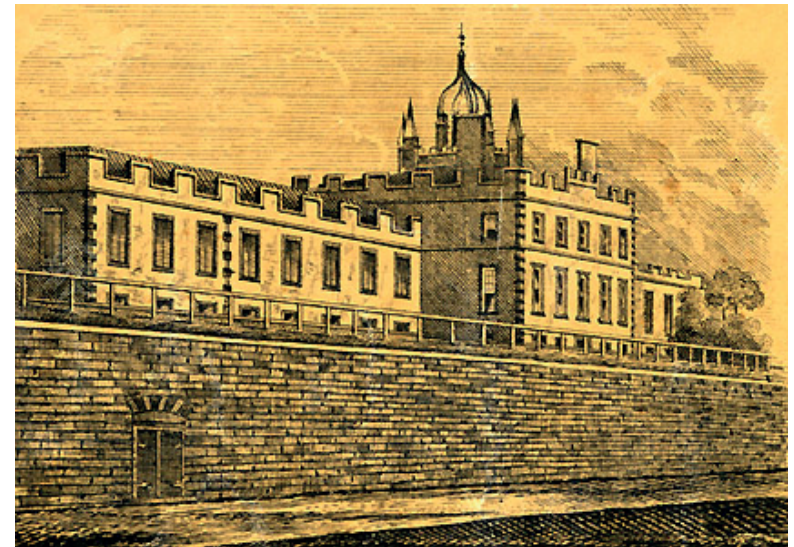
PRISON HISTORY

PENNSYLVANIA SYSTEM



"SEPARATE AND SILENT"

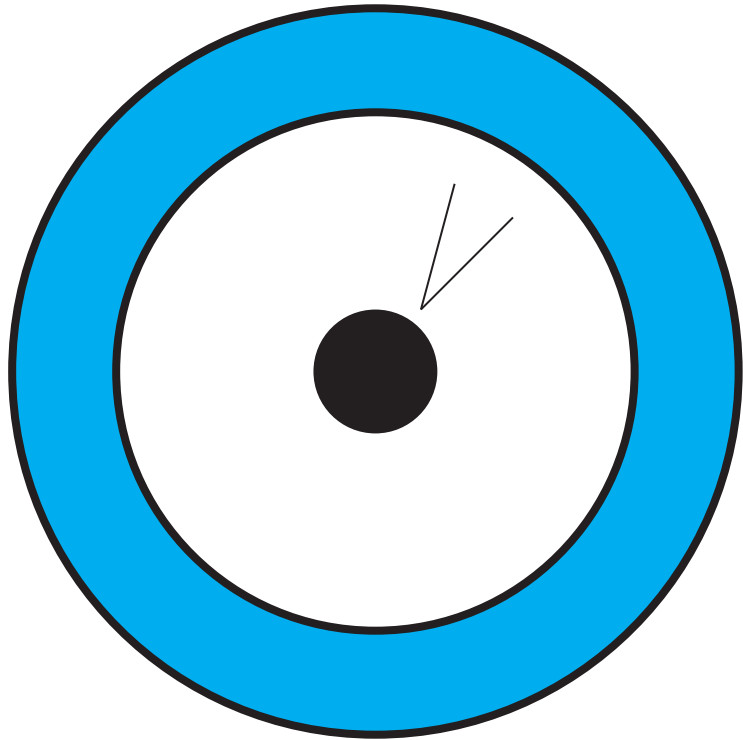
AUBURN SYSTEM



"CONGREGATE YET SILENT"

PRISON HISTORY

PANOPTICON DESIGN (1790)

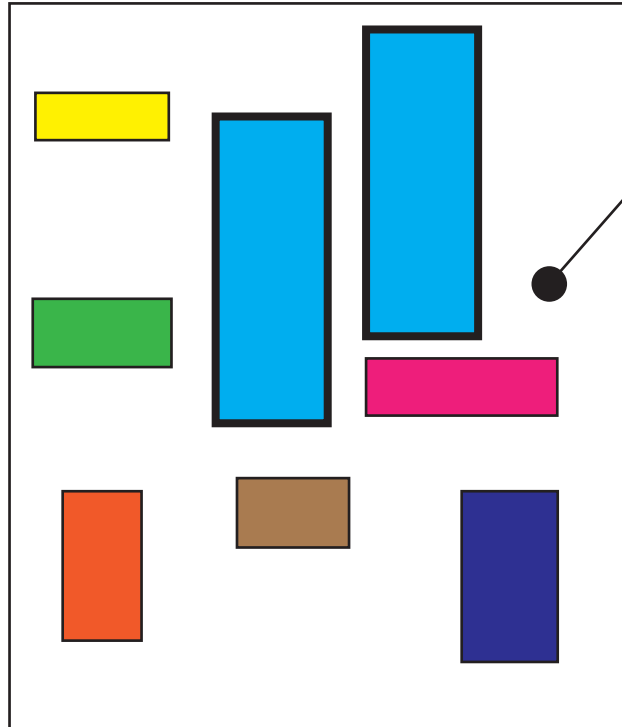


*GUARD TOWER IS ABLE TO
SEE ALL THE PRISONER*



PRISON HISTORY

REFORMATORY PRISON (1870-1910)



PENITENTIARY WITH ADDITIONAL BUILDINGS

ADDITIONAL FUNCTION INCLUDED:

EATING HALLS

INDUSTRIAL WORKSHOP

TAILOR SHOPS

BARBER SHOP

GYMNASIUM

CHAPELS

MUSIC HALLS

SCHOOL

ETC.

PRISON HISTORY

PENNSYLVANIA SYSTEM



"SEPARATE AND SILENT"

AUBURN SYSTEM

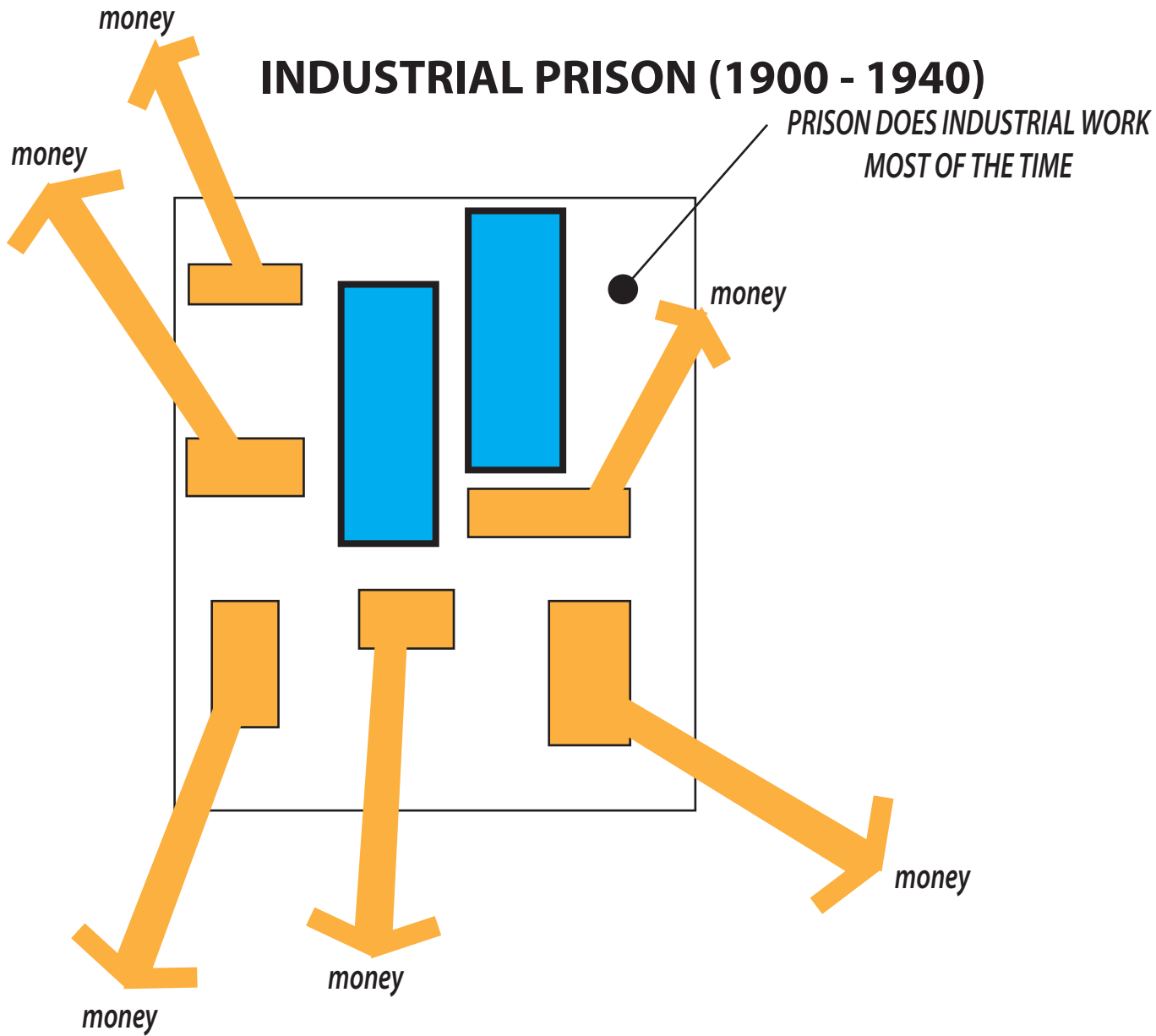


CELL BLOCK

"CONGREGATE YET SILENT"

PRISON HISTORY

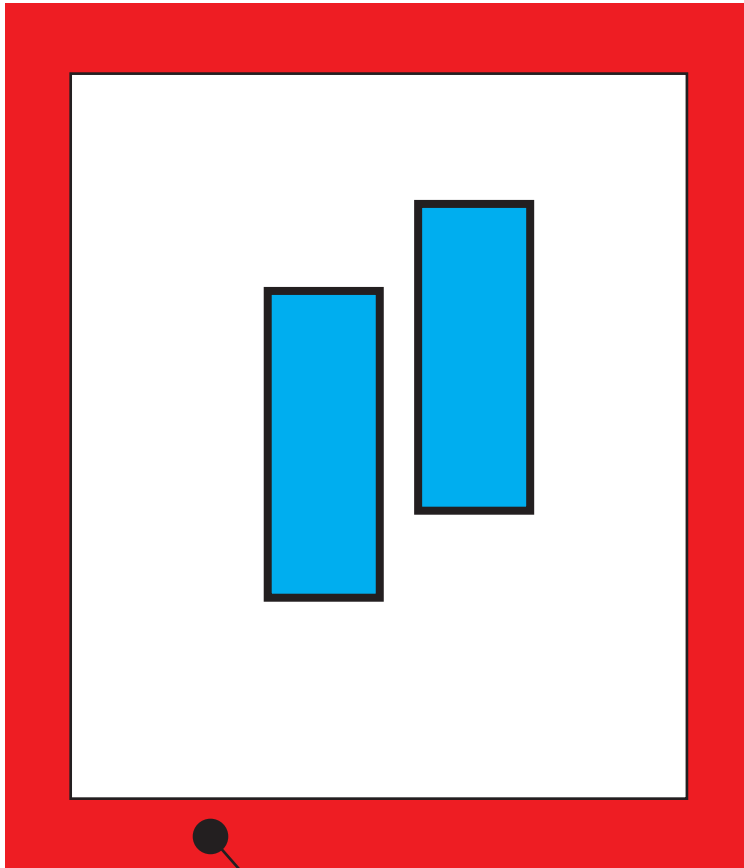
INDUSTRIAL PRISON (1900 - 1940)



PRISON HISTORY

OVERCROWDING OF PRISON

SUPERMAX PRISON (1935-1960)



*DO TO MORE AND MORE INCORRIBLE INMATE
SUPERMAX PRISON WAS BORN*



PRISON HISTORY

TRUE MODERN ERA

Total Institution

All aspects of life (work, play, sleep) are carried out under one roof.

All activity is in groups and strictly scheduled.

All activities are planned, to suit a rational goal:

to maintain inmate-staff split, social distance, prevent development of normal work ethic
(1) mortification of self; each case is a unique experiment in the self-stripping process
(2) to maintain authority, evaluation anxiety, multitude of items coming up for judgment (dress, etc)

There is a privilege system (of house rules, small rewards, and inmates can build a world around minor privileges, and the privileges eventually become rights).

There is an argot system (a lingo, an inmate code, secondary adjustments, a ranking of employees & inmates).

There are situational adaptations:

- (1) withdrawal -- all at once or a progressive continuum
- (2) rebellion -- it's what raises moral in a total institution
- (3) colonization -- a mixture of home & institution life
- (4) conversion -- taking the staff's view of self

Totalitarian Institution

There is complete isolation from the outside world.

All activities are physically debilitating, exhausting.

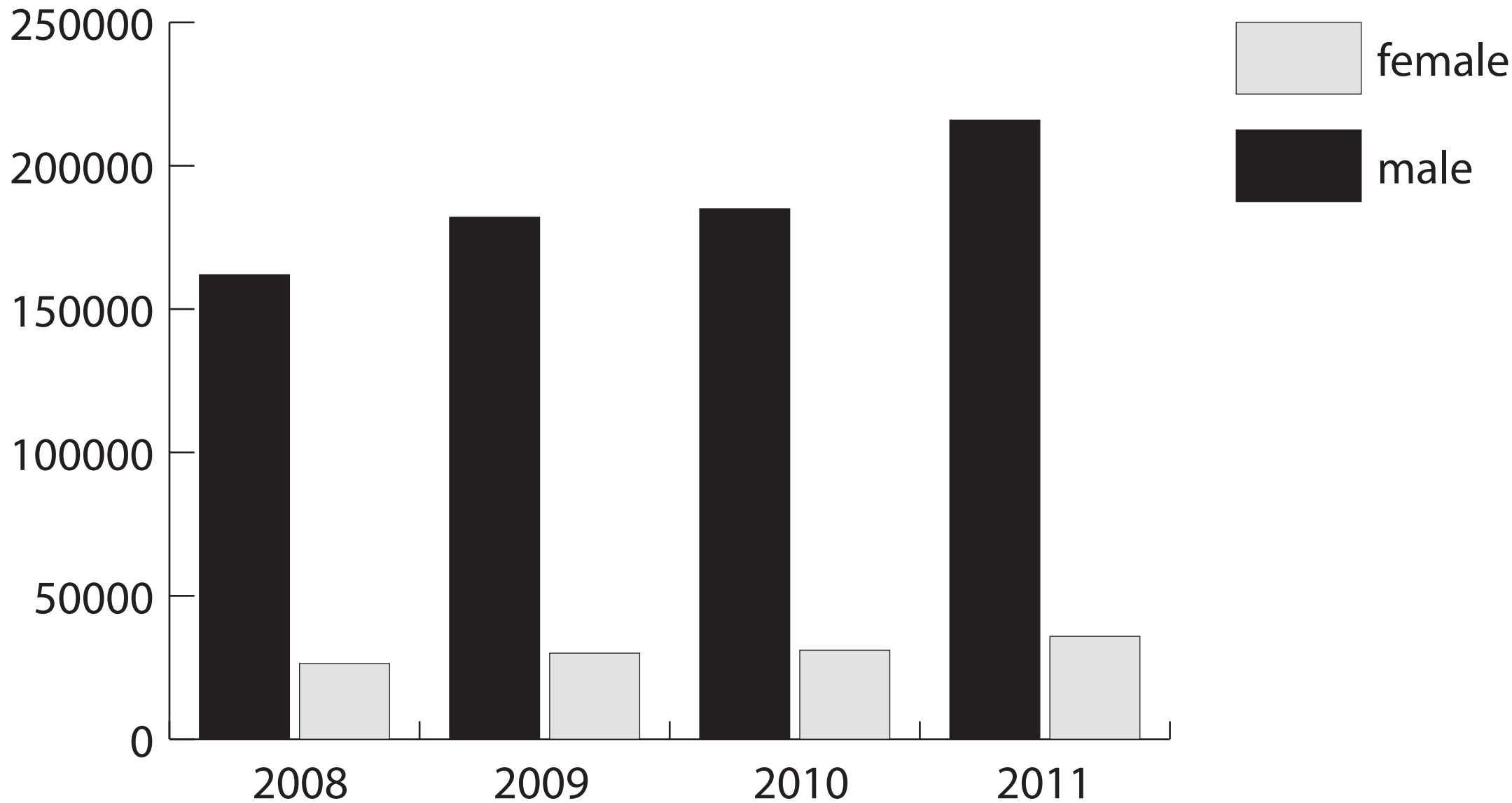
All activities are unplanned. There is uncertainty.

There is no privilege system. There is only constant personal humiliation if you try to

They are constantly devising new forms of psychological harassment.

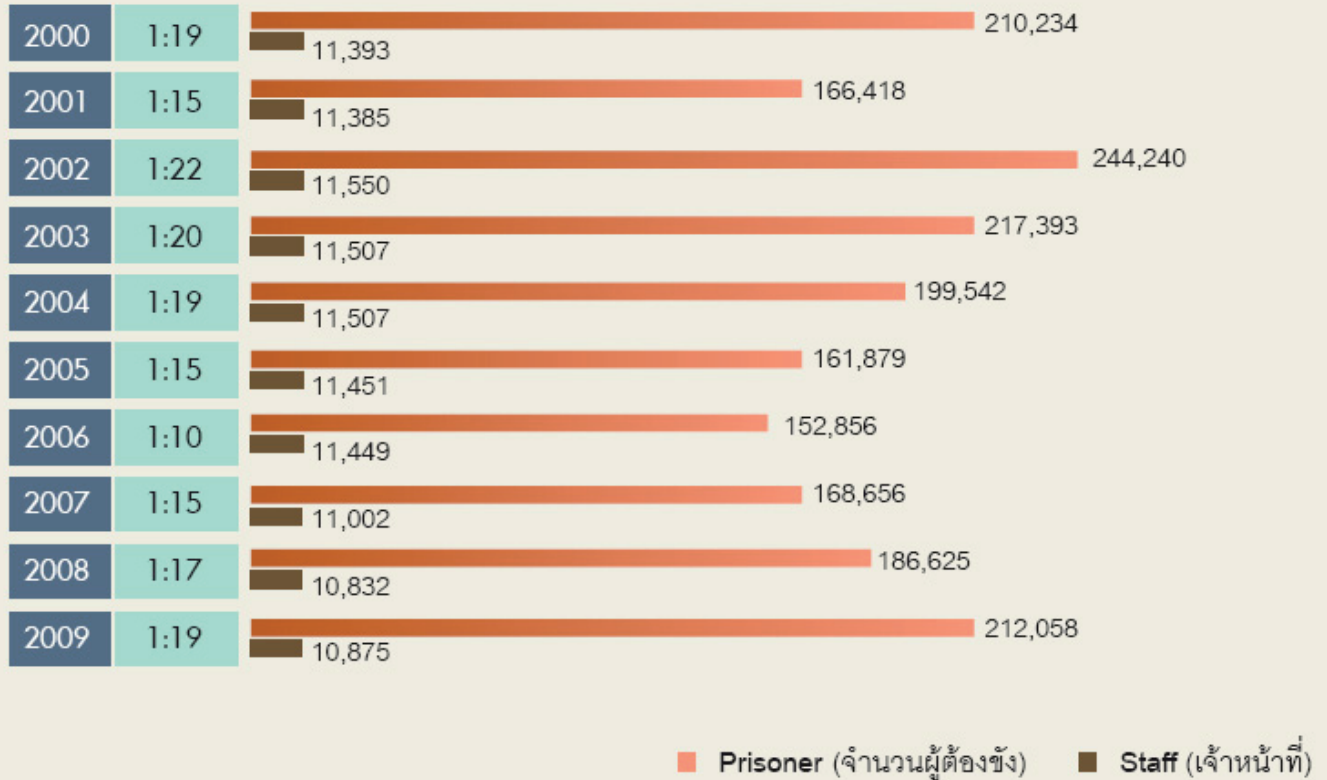
There is torture, a pattern of deliberately-planned severely abusive treatment.

Thai Prison Population Rises by **33.6%** in Three Years



Staff-to-Prisoner Ratio during 10 years (2000 – 2009)

อัตราเจ้าหน้าที่ต่อผู้ต้องขัง ในรอบ 10 ปี (2543- 2552)



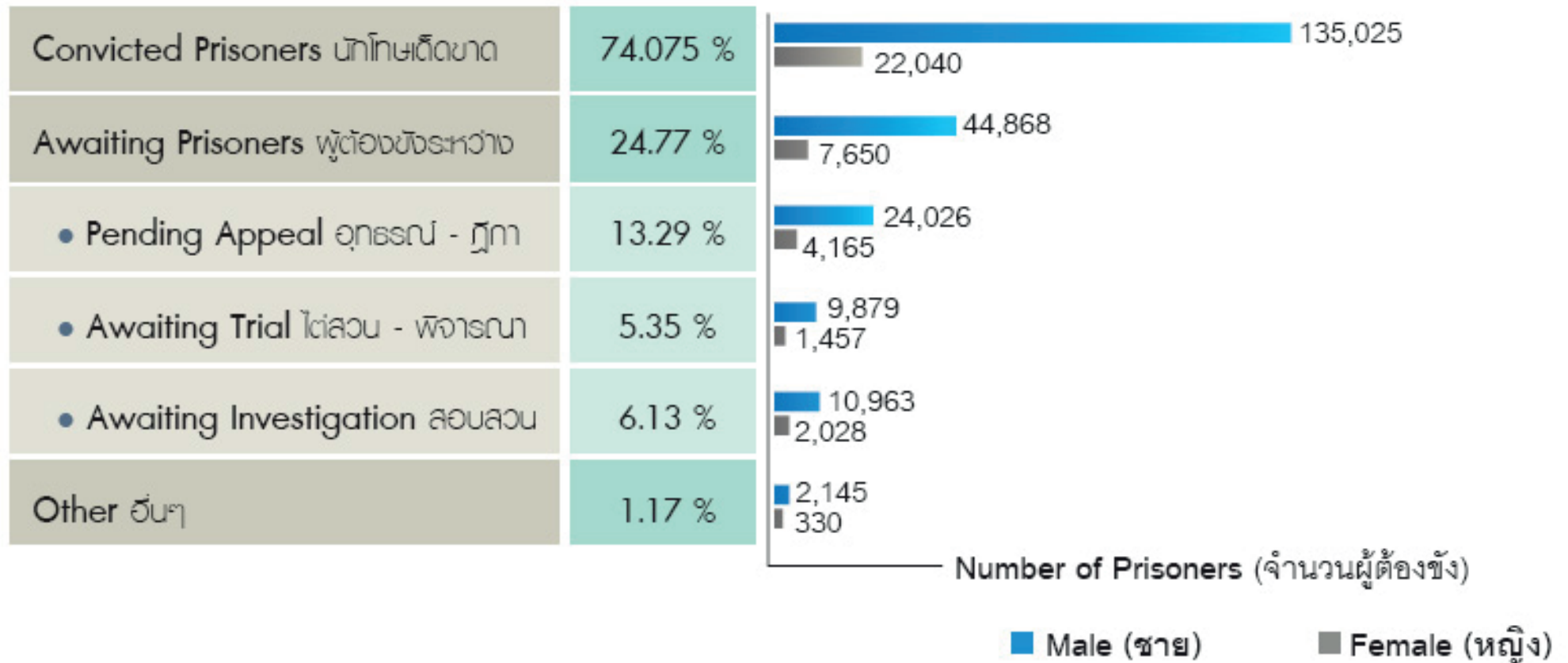
http://www.correct.go.th/eng/staff_2000_2009.html

Number of Prisoners , by Gender (แบ่งตามเพศ)

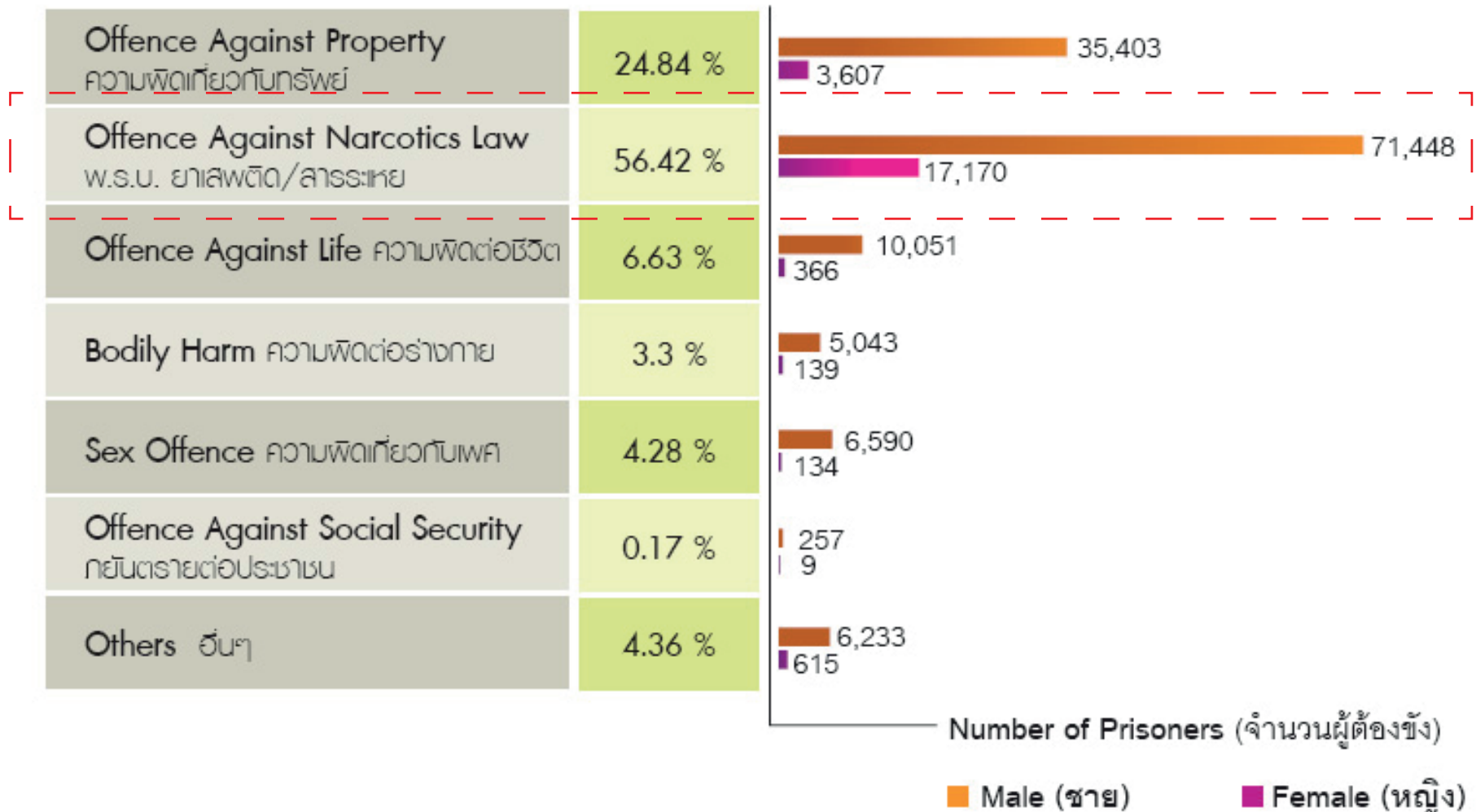


http://www.correct.go.th/eng/p_gender.html

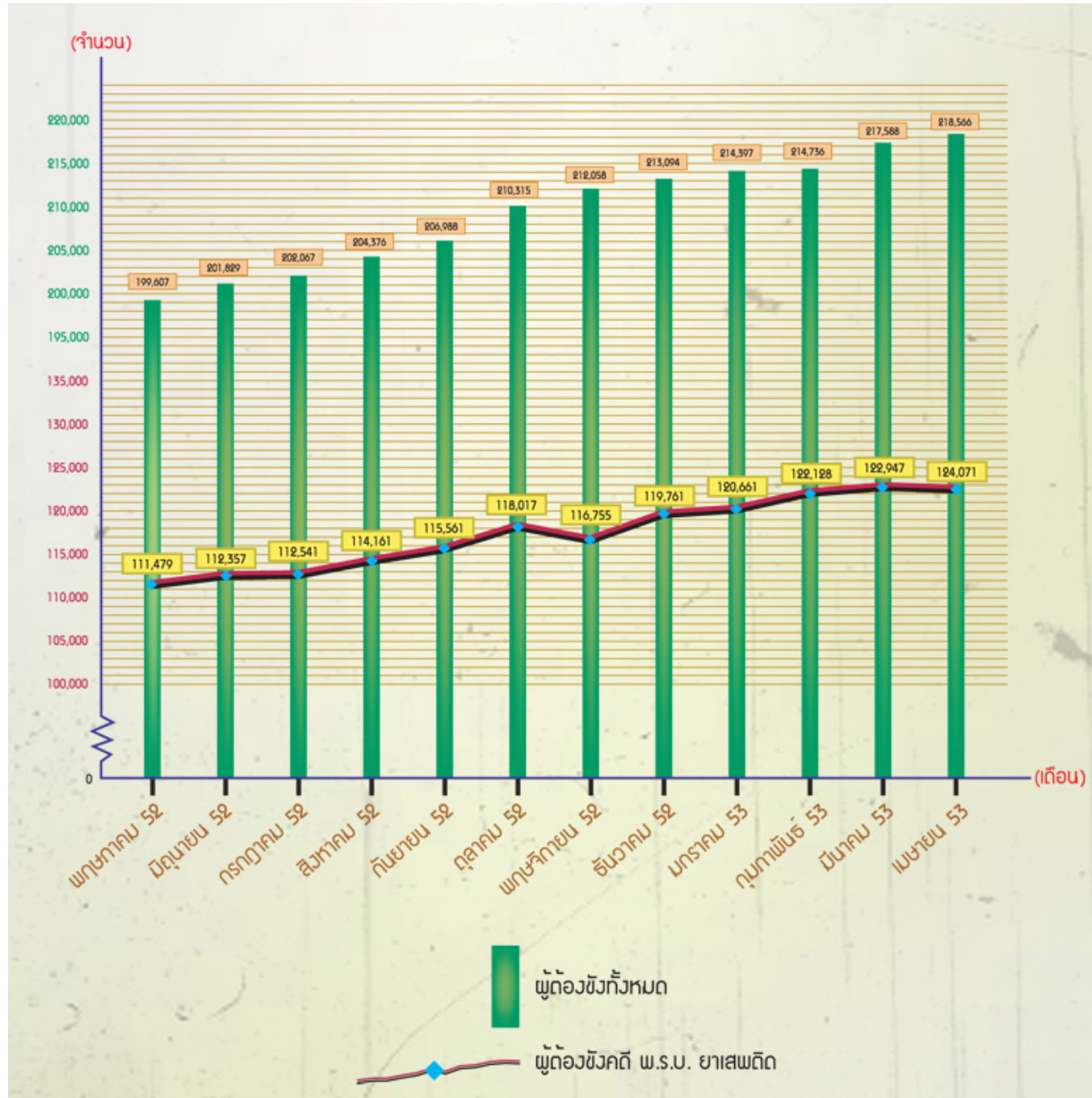
- Number of Prisoners, by Type of Prisoners (ประเภทผู้ต้องขัง)



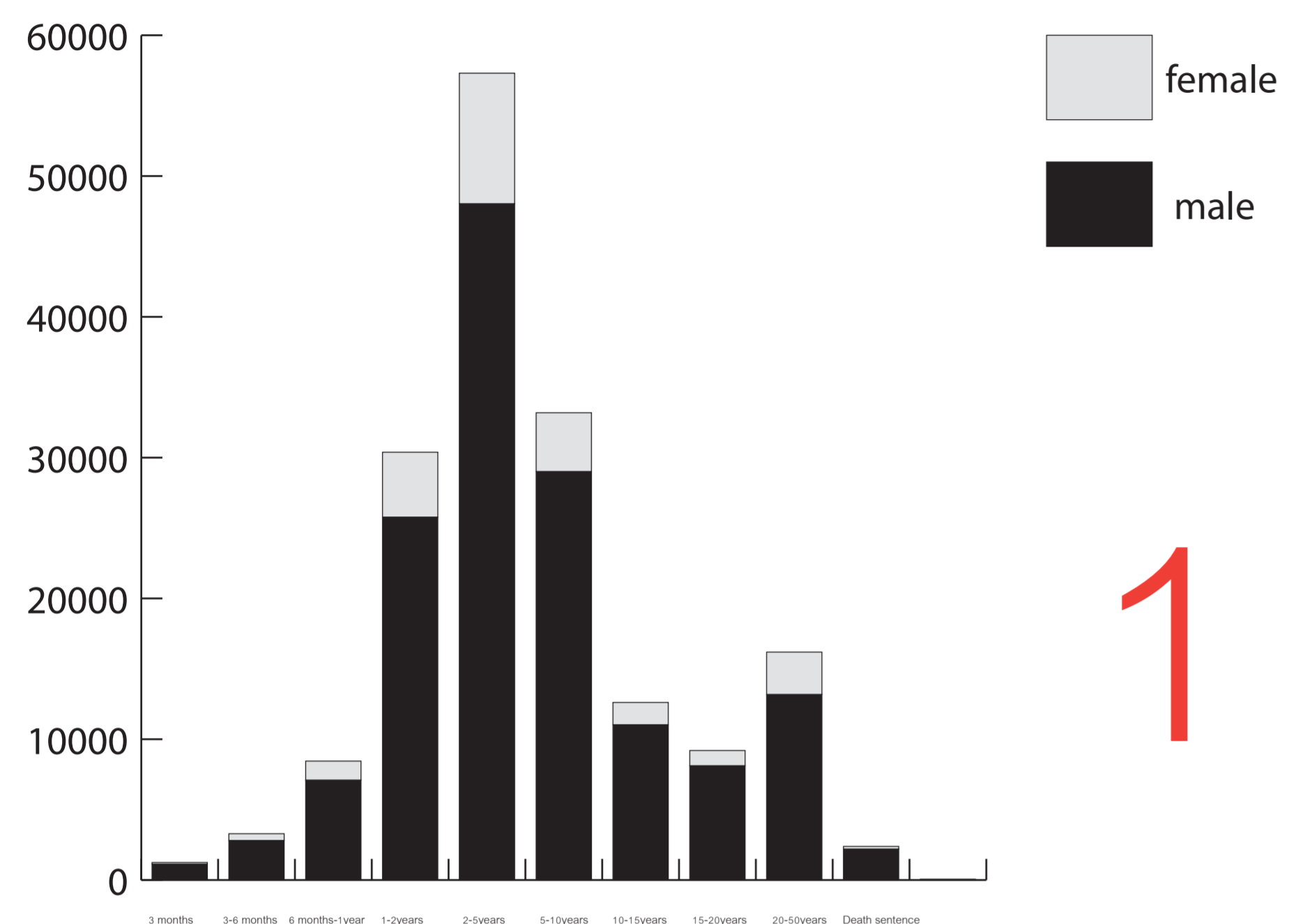
● Number of Convicted Prisoners ,by Type of offences (แบ่งตามประเภทความผิด)



PRISON POPULATION AND DRUG INMATES



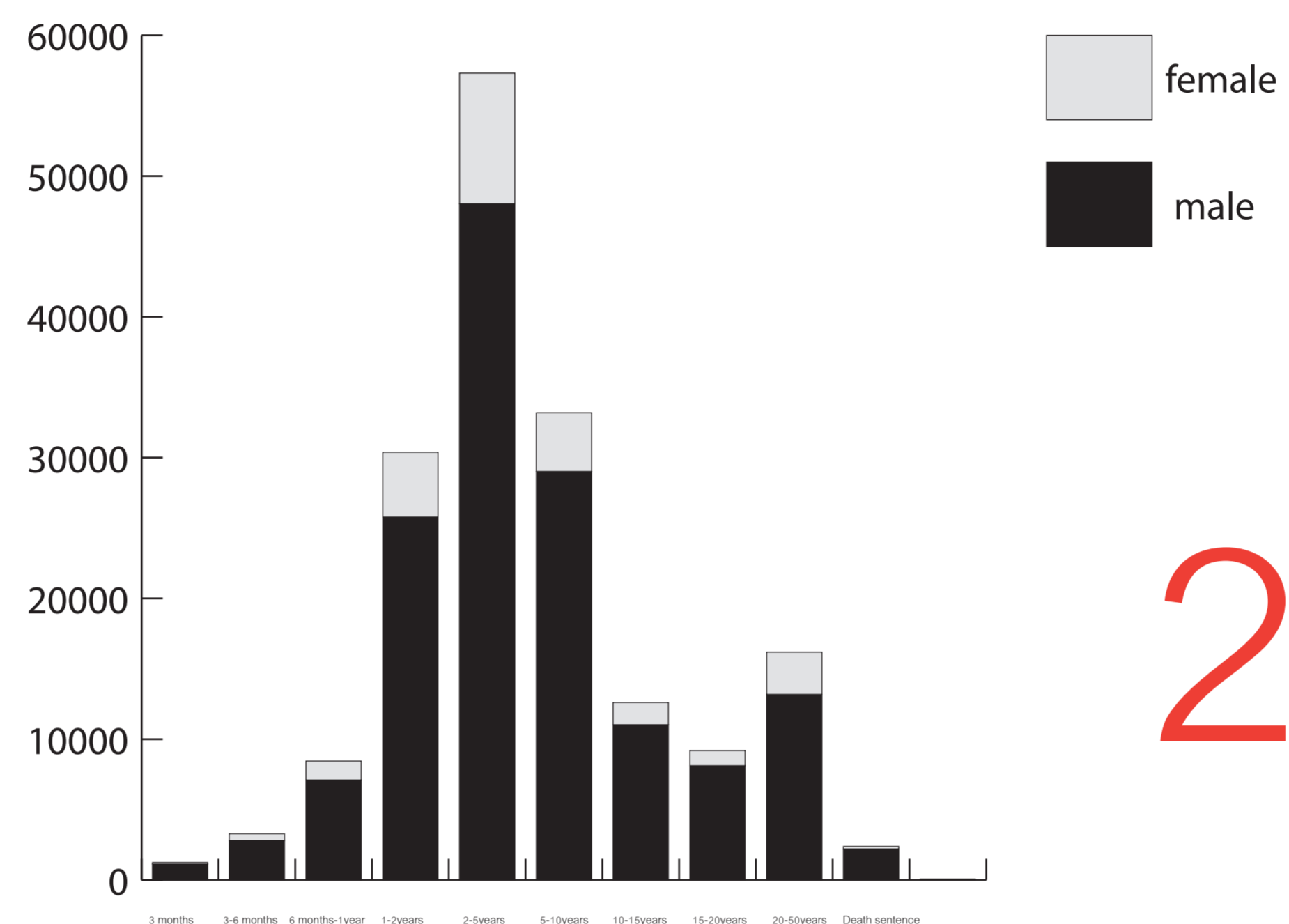
สถิตินักโทษเด็ดขาด แยกตามกำหนดโทษตามหมายศาล



up to 30 may 2012

1

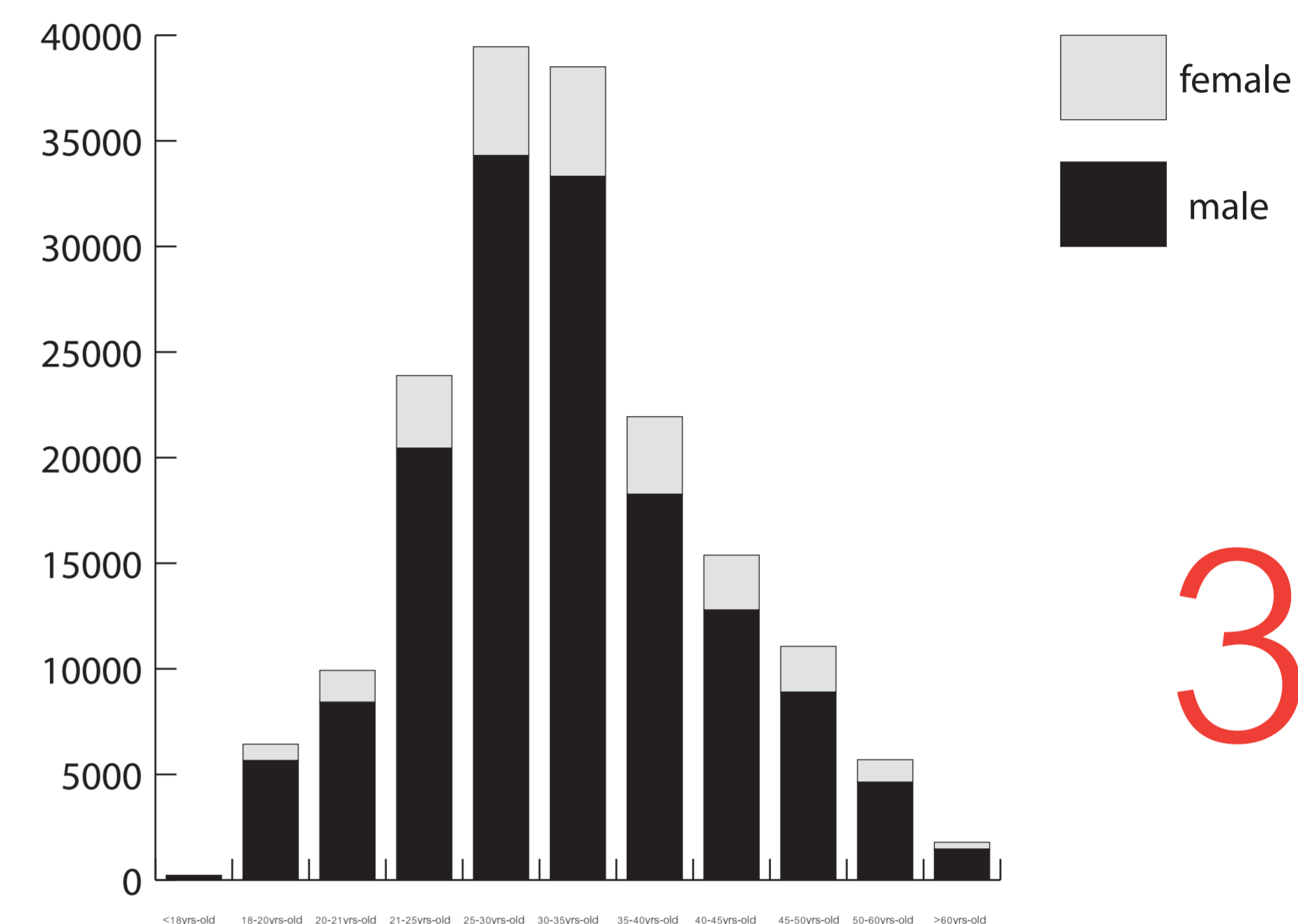
สถิตินักโทษเด็ดขาด แยกตามโทษที่ยังเหลือจะต้องจำต่อไป



up to 30 may 2012

2

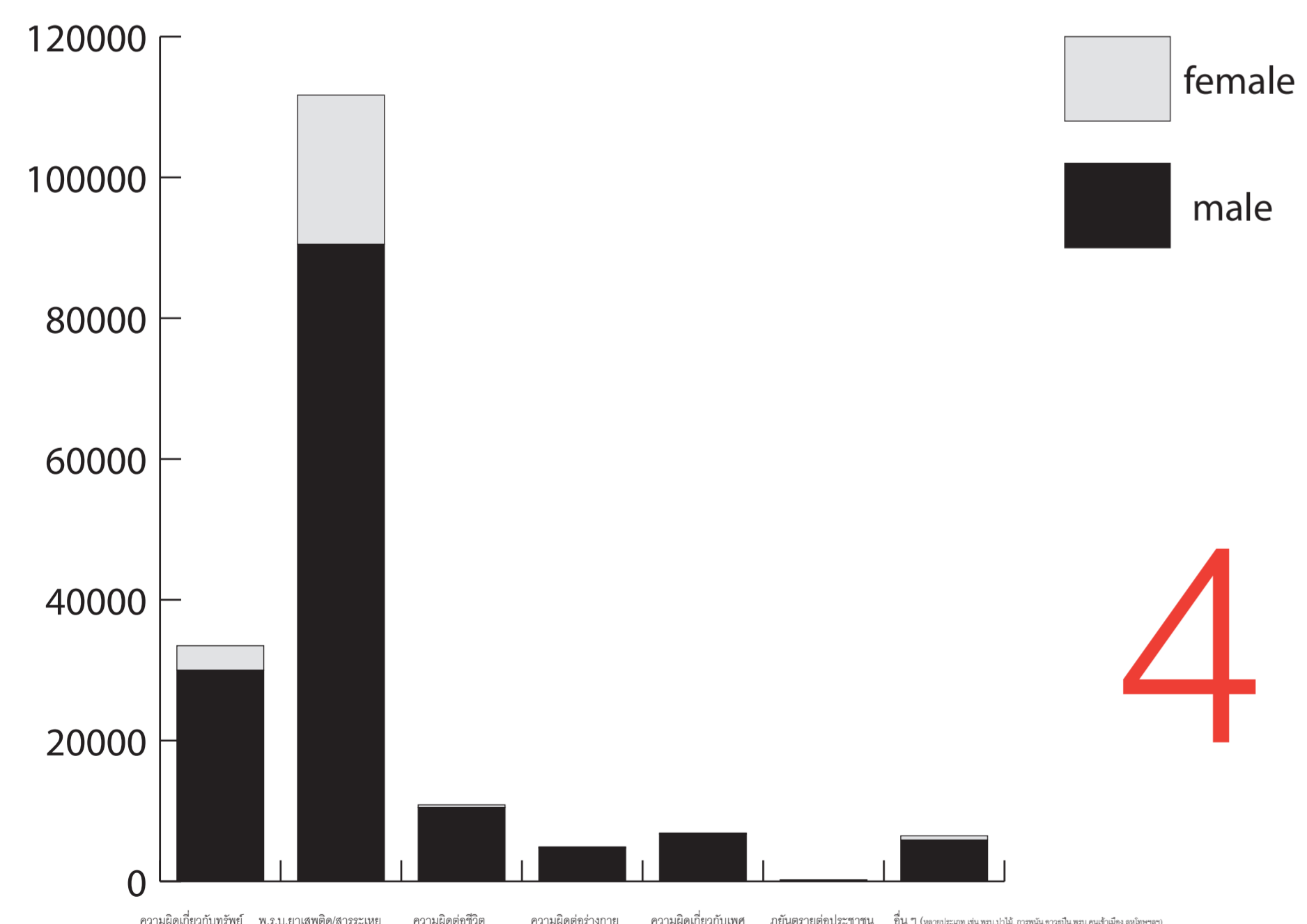
สถิตินักโทษเด็ดขาด แยกตามอายุ



up to 30 may 2012

3

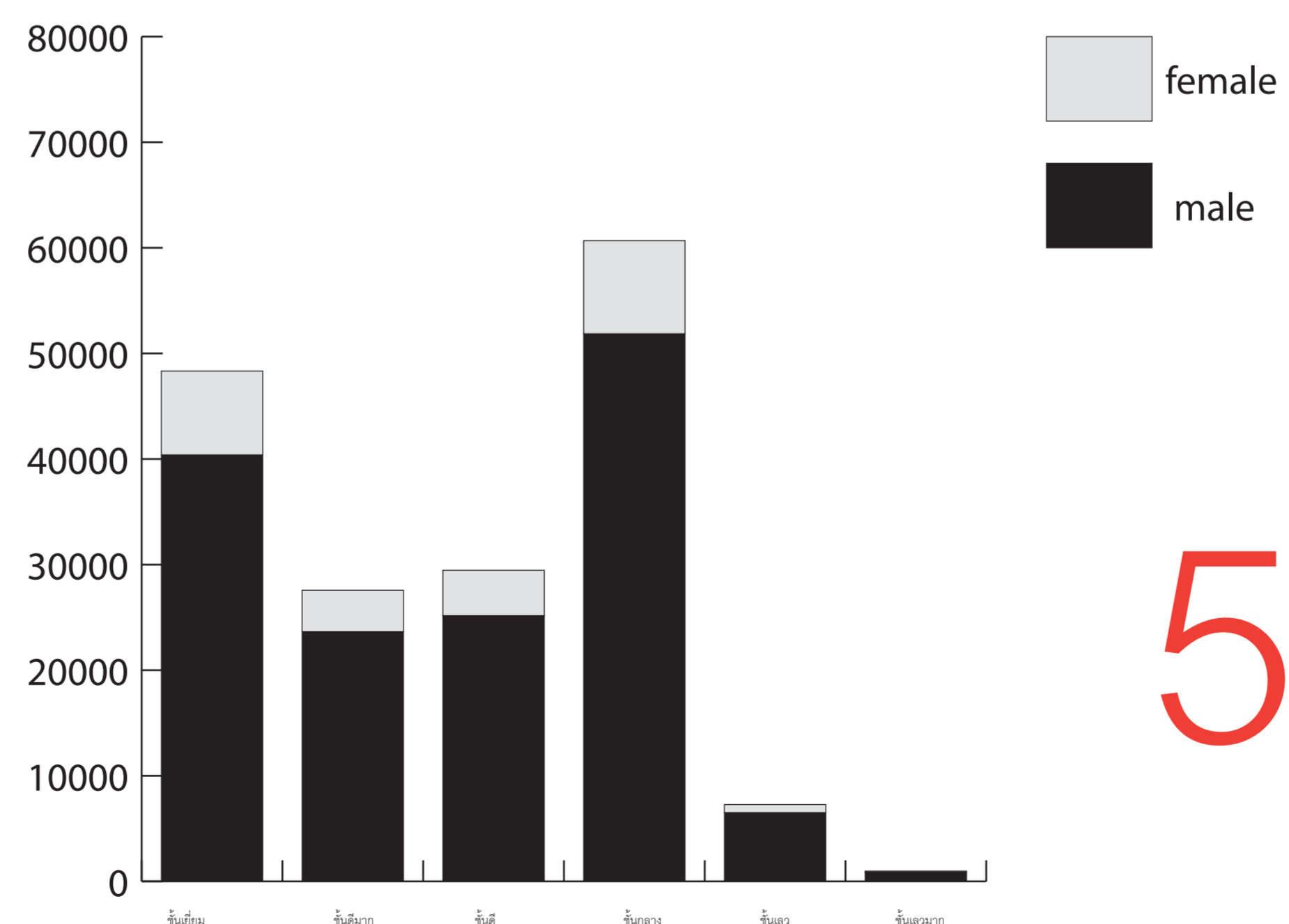
สถิตินักโทษเด็ดขาด แยกตามลักษณะความผิด



up to 30 may 2012

4

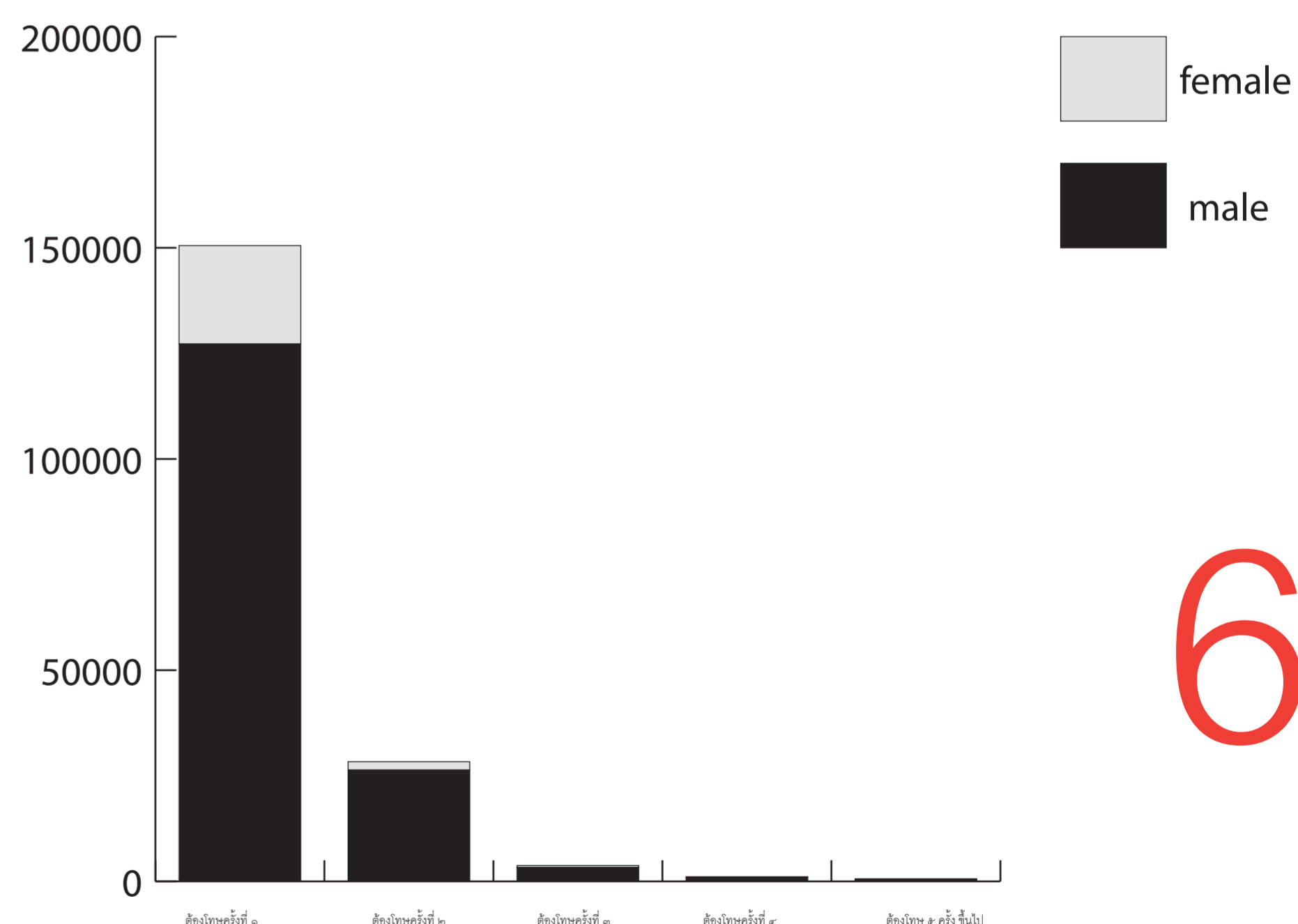
สถิตินักโทษเด็ดขาด แยกตามชั้น



up to 30 may 2012

5

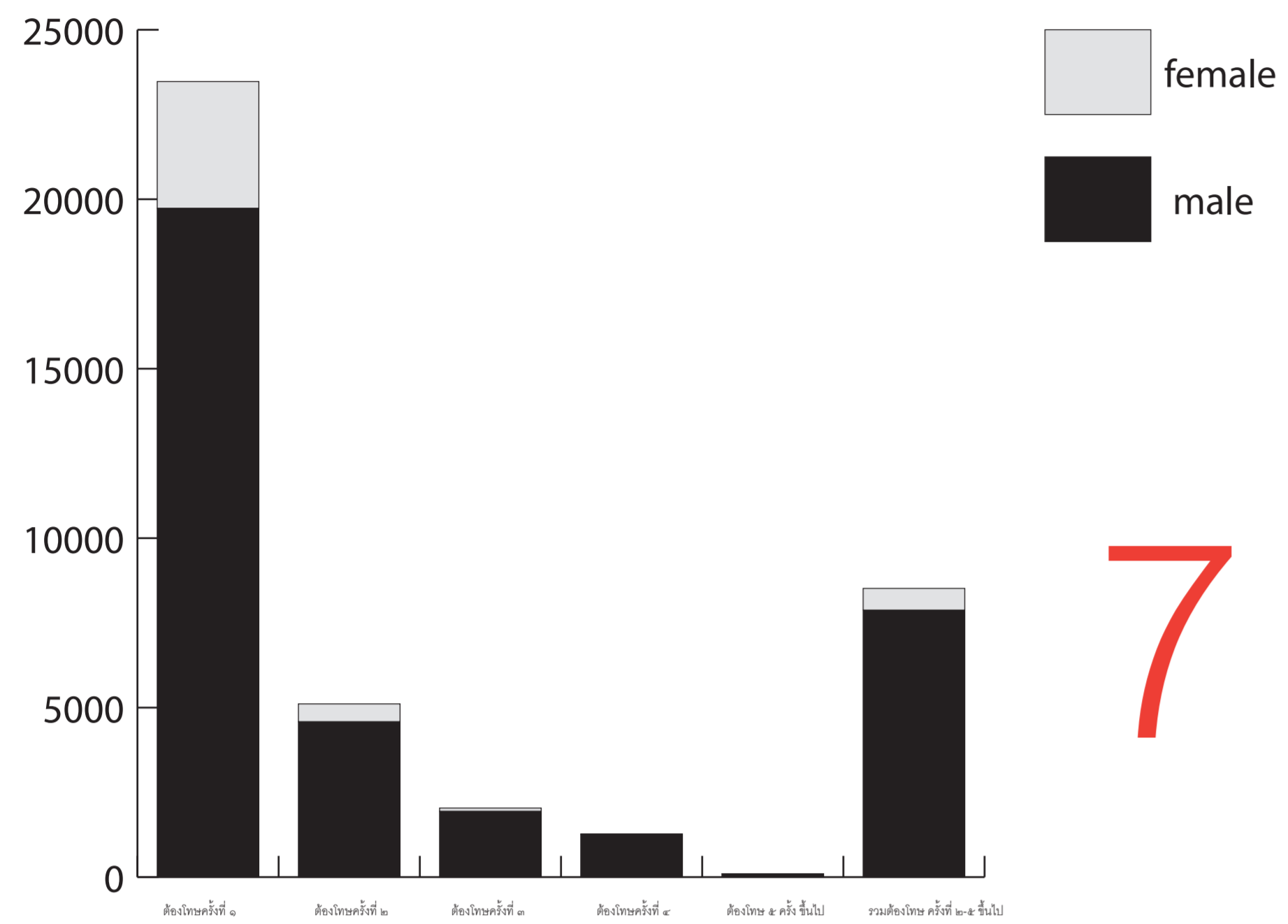
สถิตินักโทษเด็ดขาด แยกตามจำนวนครั้งที่ต้องโทษ



up to 30 may 2012

6

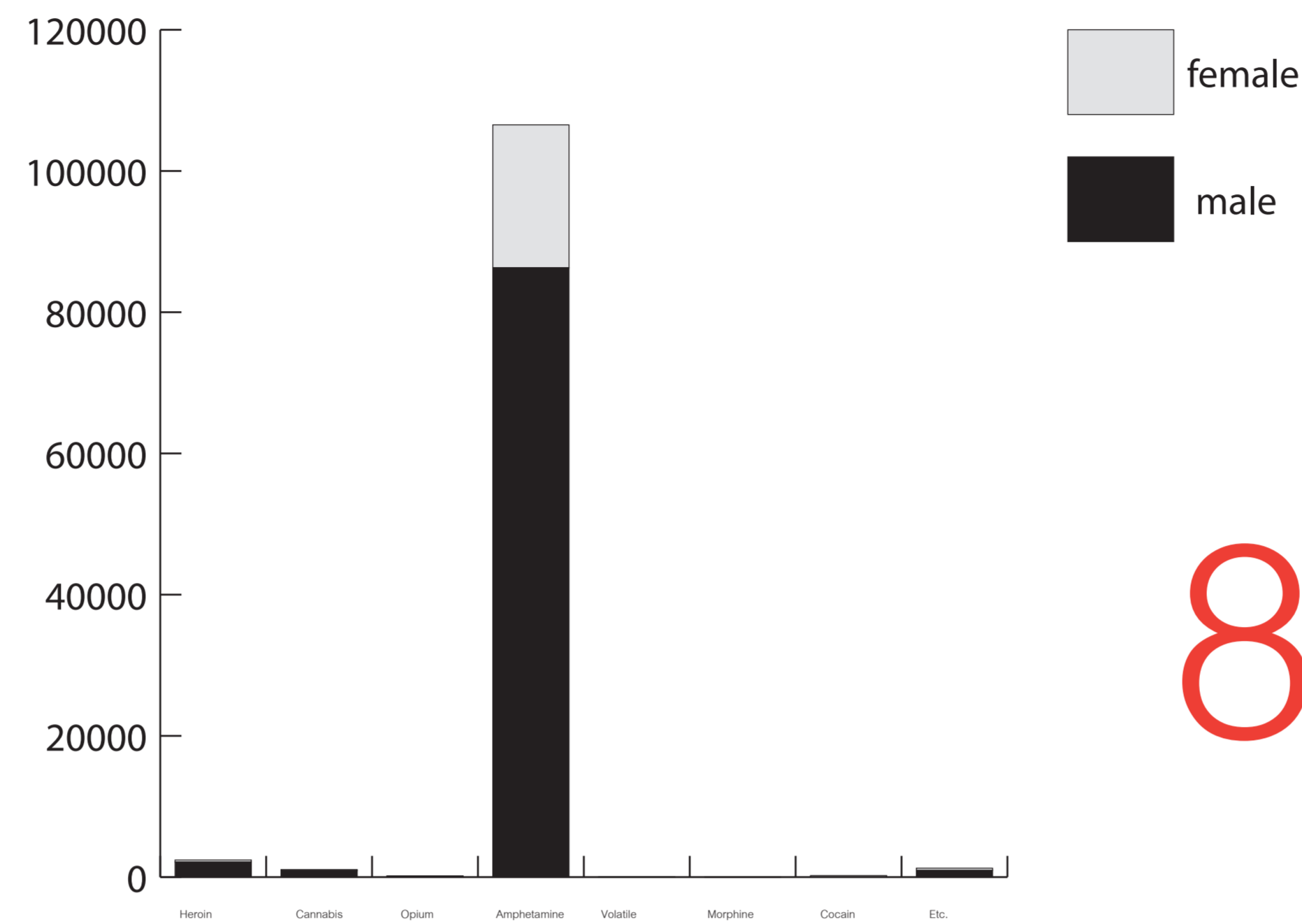
สถิติผู้ต้องขังระหว่างอุทธรณ์-ฎีกา แยกตามจำนวนครั้งที่ต้องโทษ



up to 30 may 2012

7

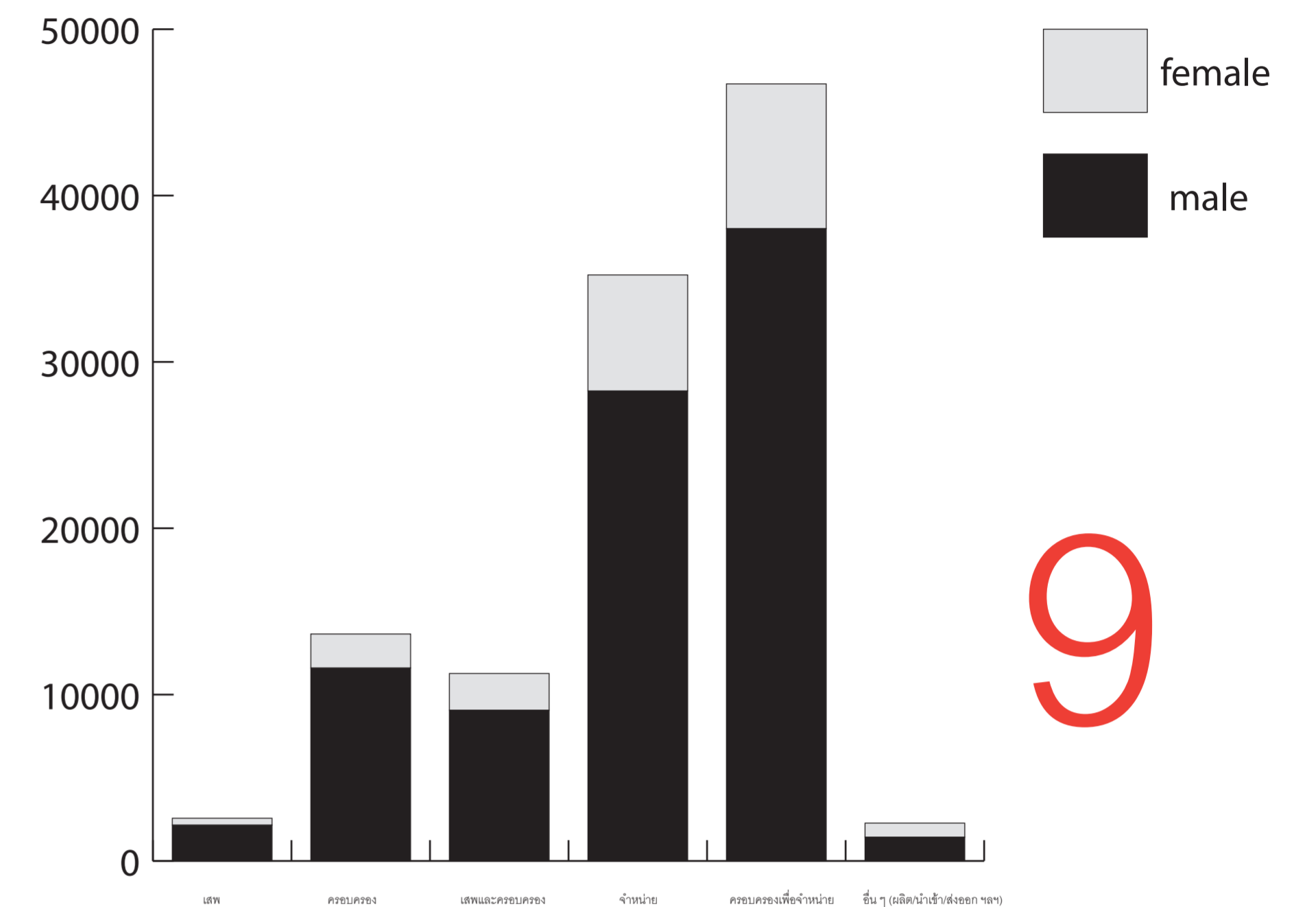
สถิตินักโทษเด็ดขาด พ.ร.บ.ยาเสพติดฯ แยกตามประเภทตัวยา



up to 30 may 2012

8

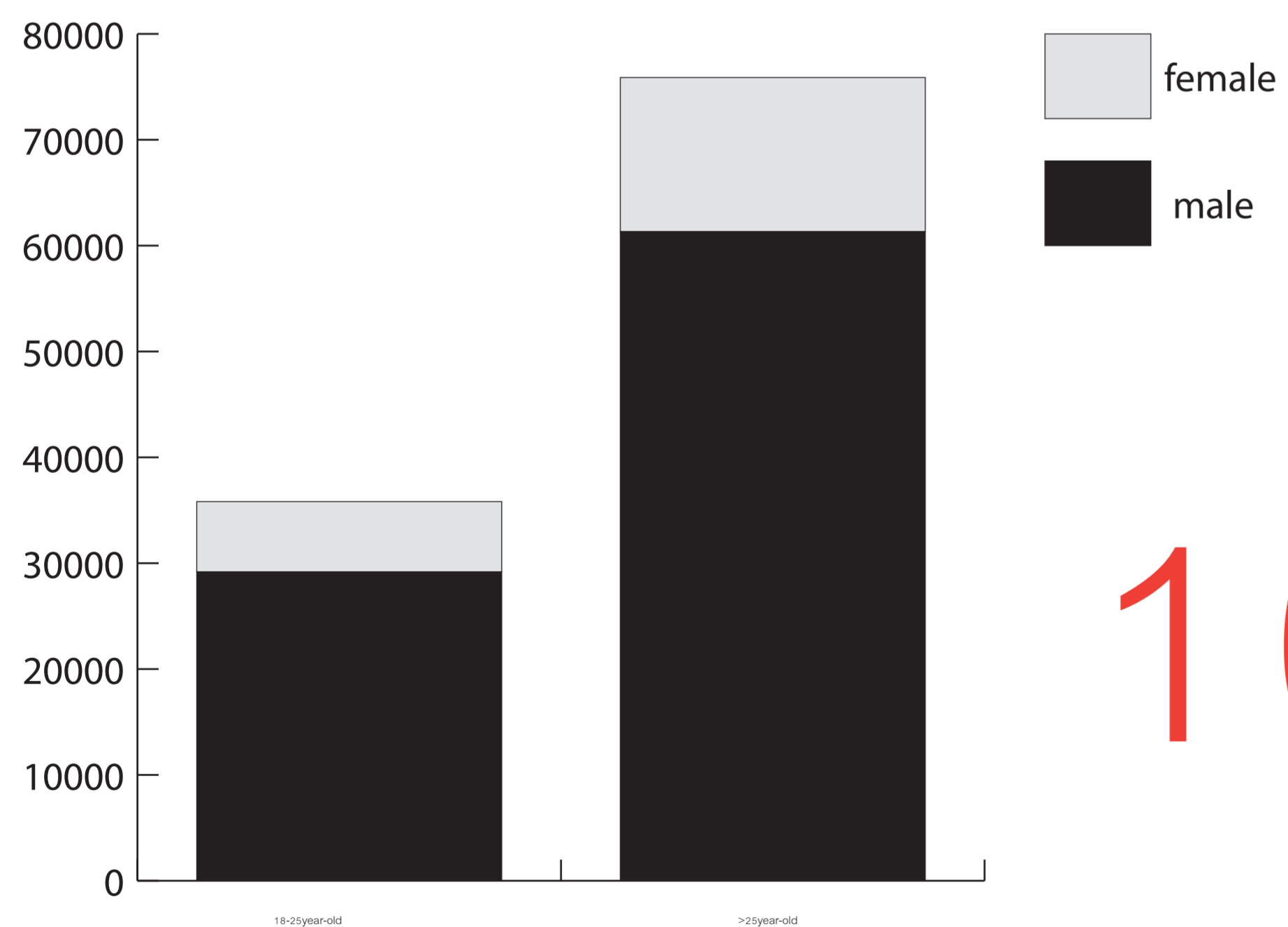
สถิตินักโทษเด็ดขาด พ.ร.บ.ยาเสพติดฯ แยกตามประเภทคดี



up to 30 may 2012

9

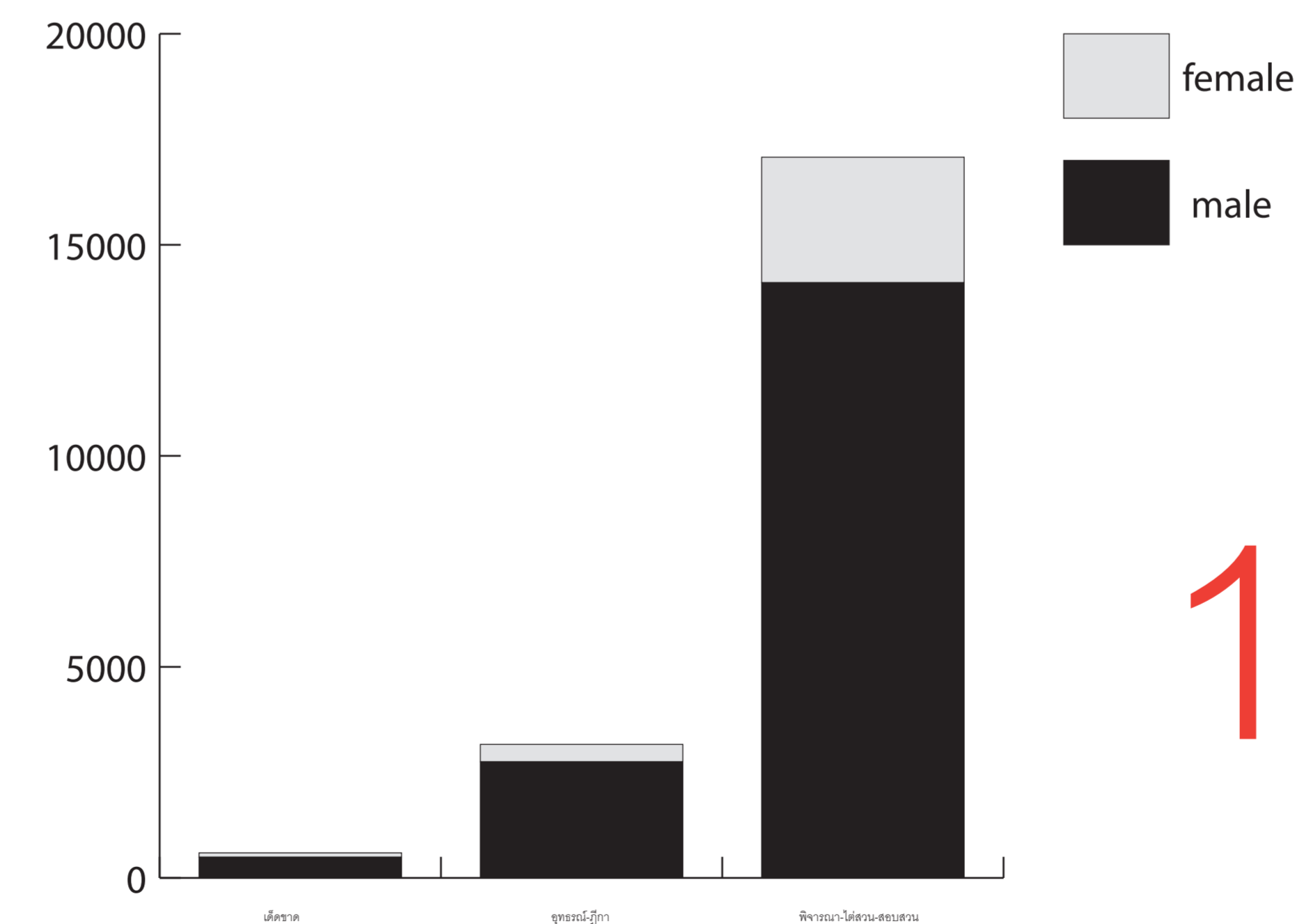
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up to 30 may 2012

10

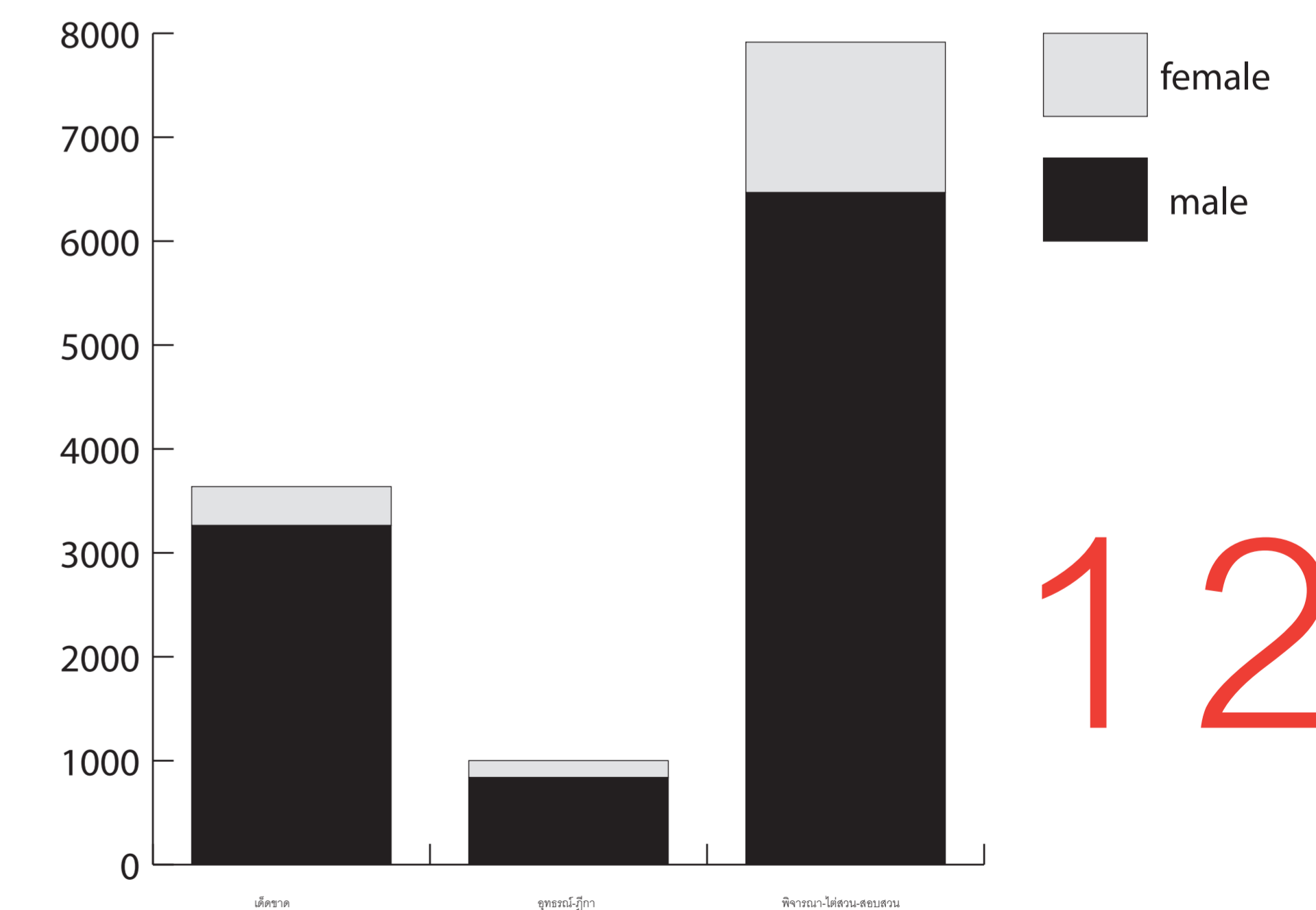
สถิติผู้ต้องขัง รับตัวตามหมายศาล



up to 30 may 2012

11

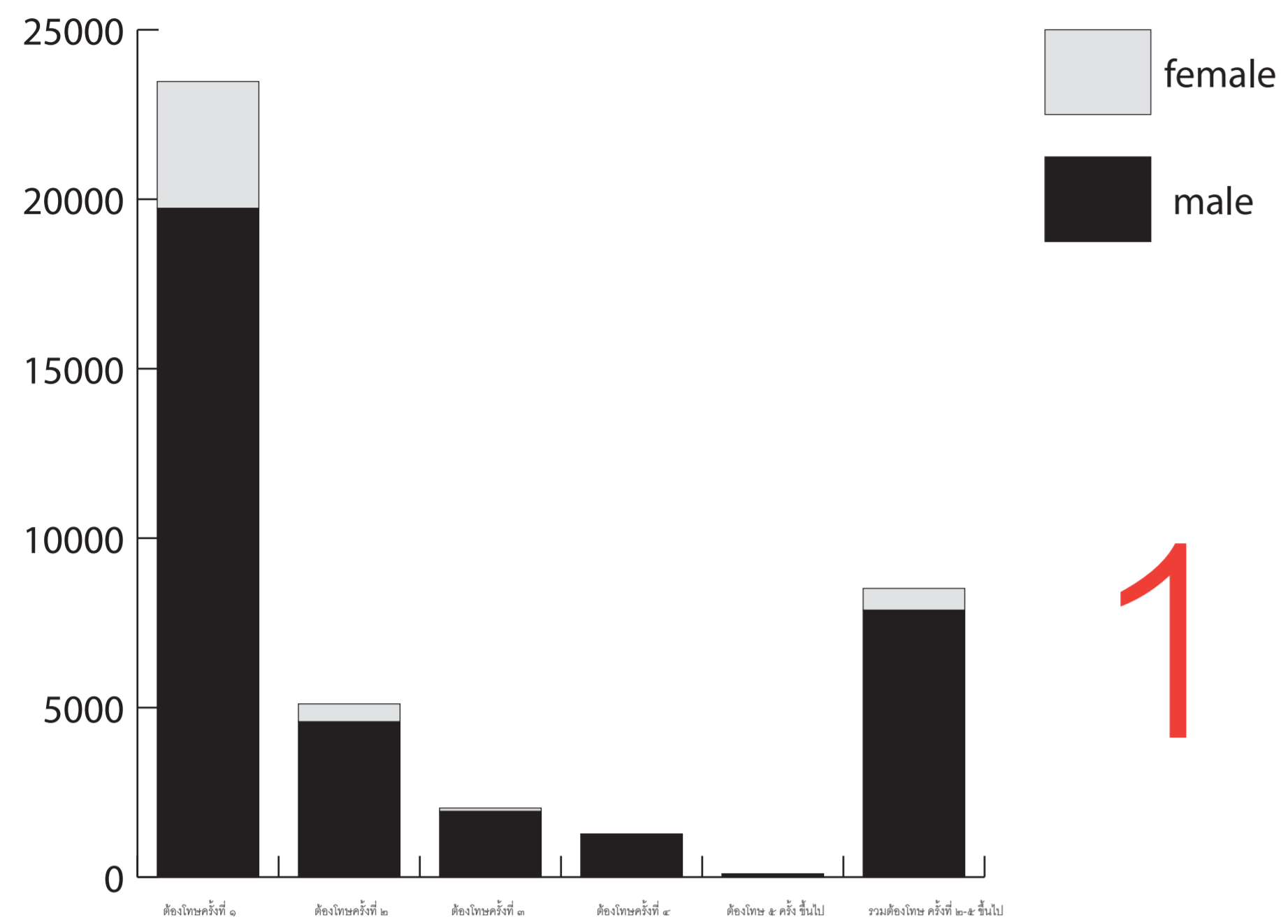
สถิติผู้ต้องขัง ปล่อยตัวตามหมายศาล



up to 30 may 2012

12

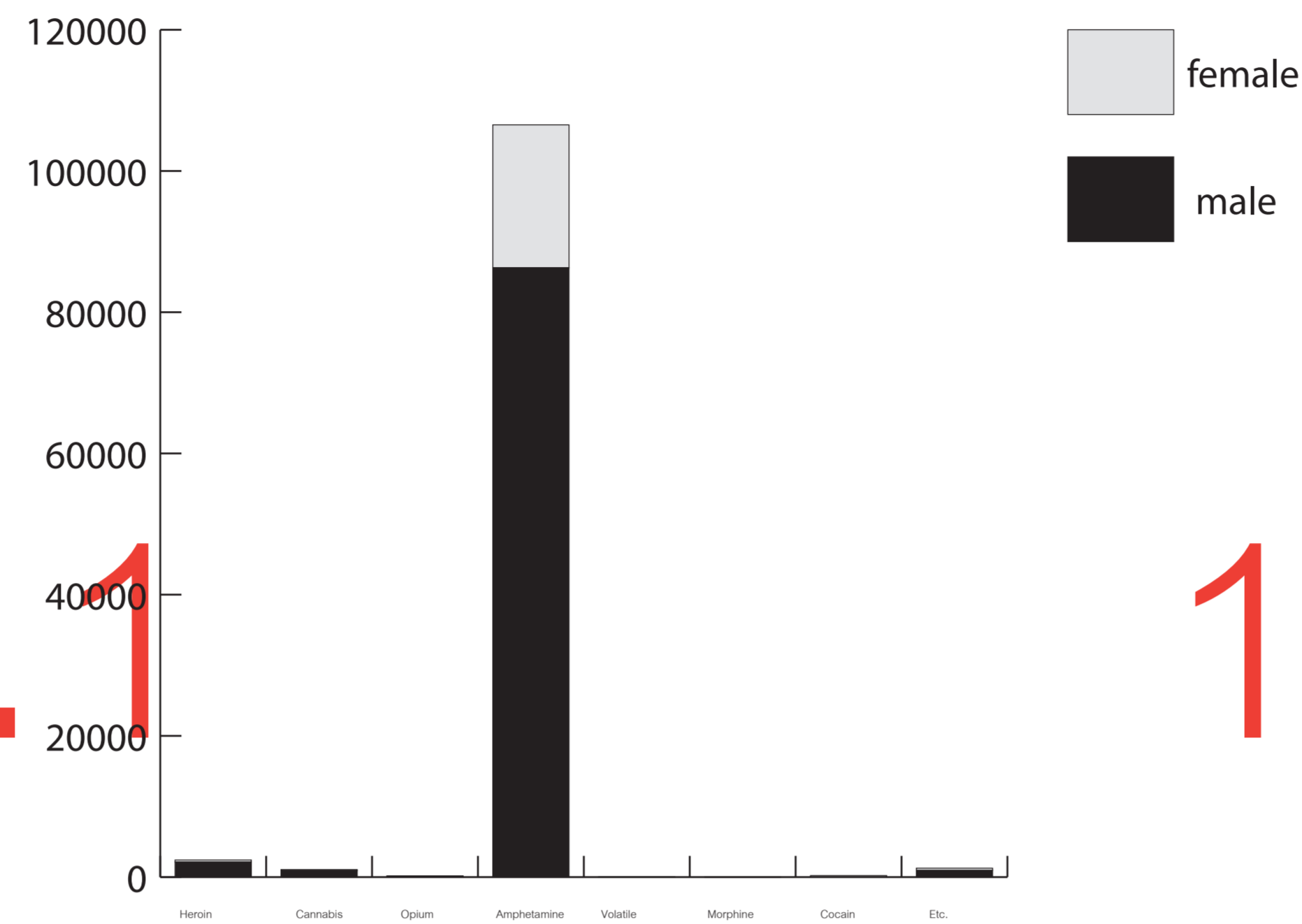
สถิติผู้ต้องขังระหว่างอุทธรณ์-ฎีกา แยกตามจำนวนครั้งที่ต้องโทษ



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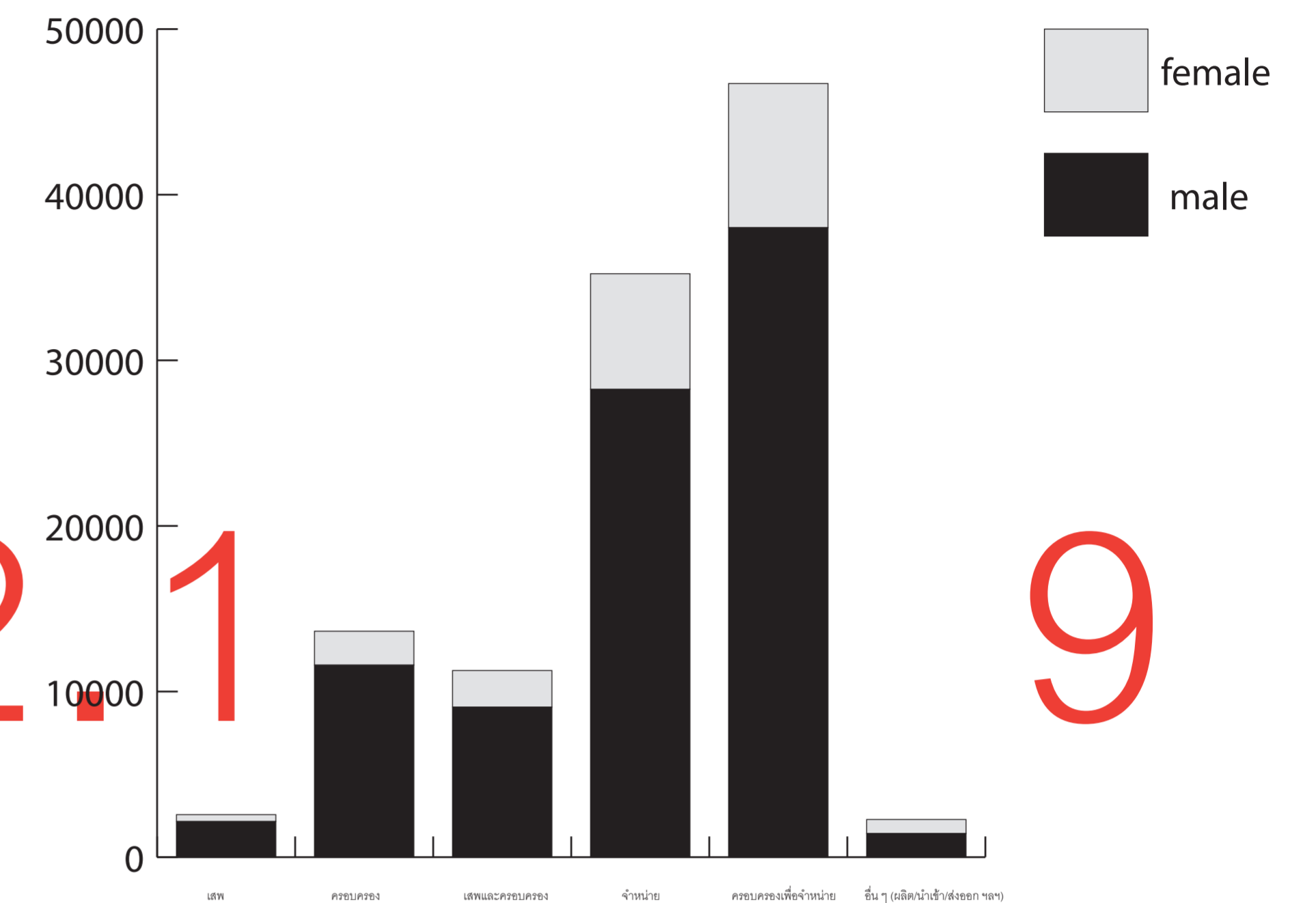
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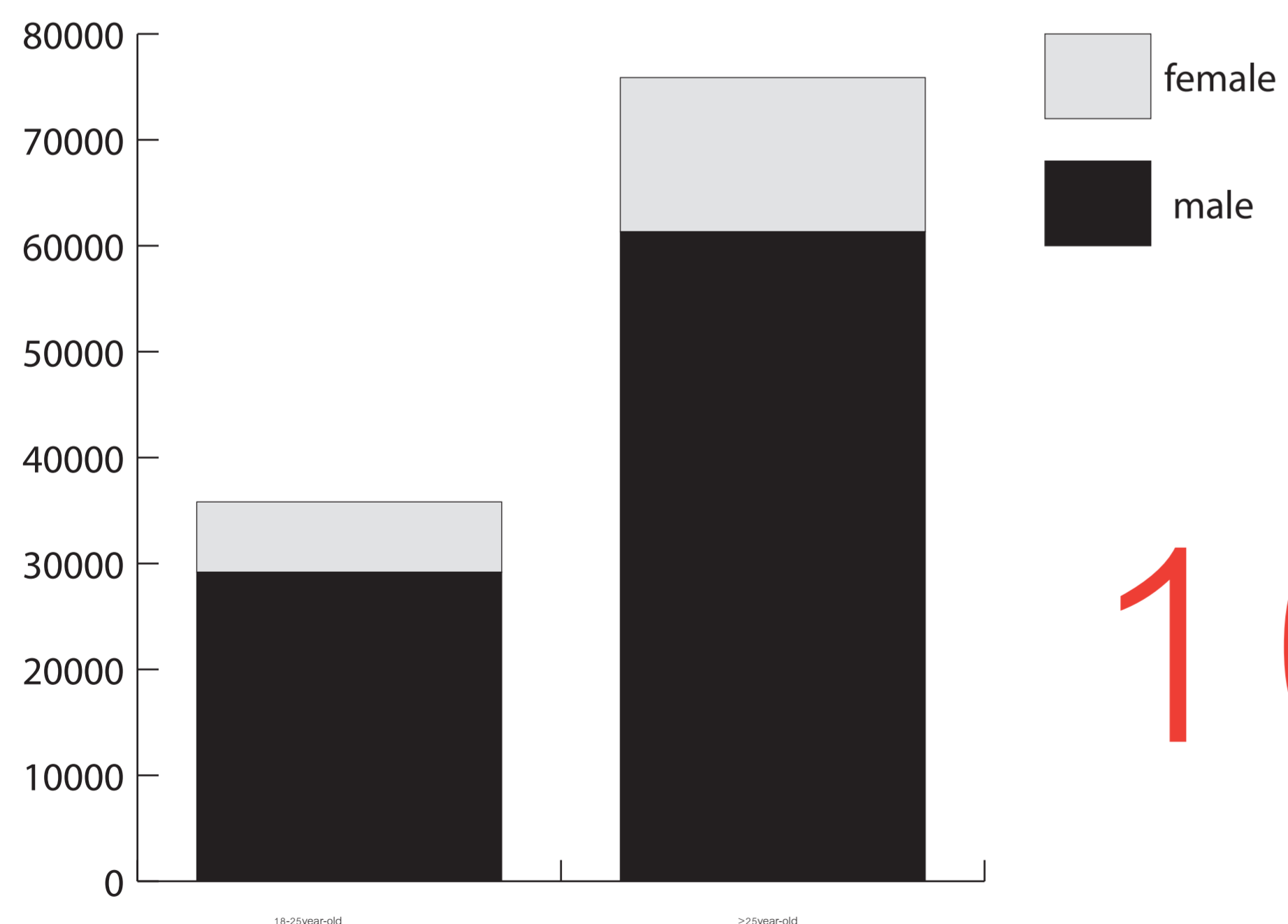
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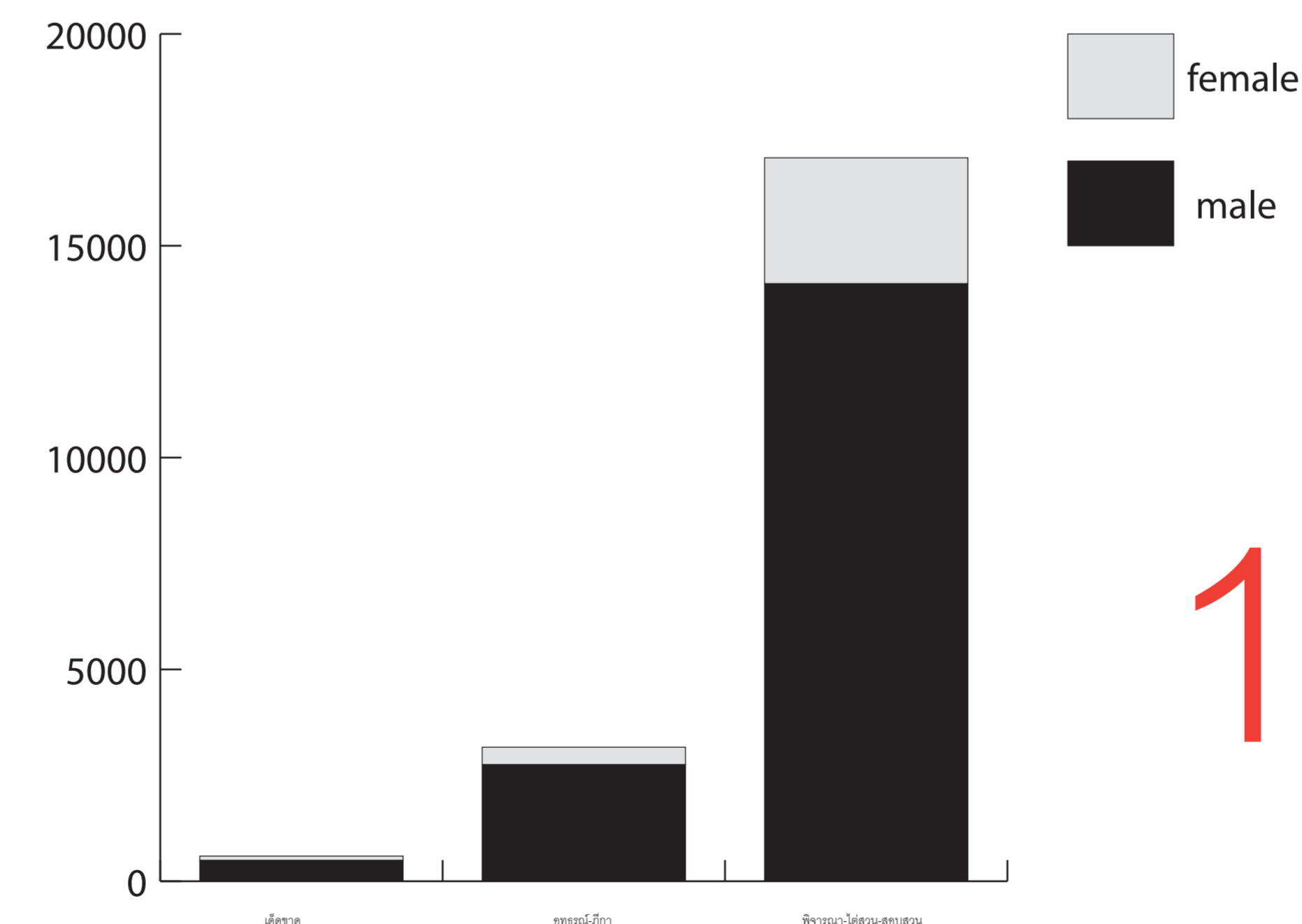
สถิตินักโทษเด็ดขาด พ.ร.บ.ยาเสพติดฯ แยกตามประเภทอายุ



up to 30 may 2012

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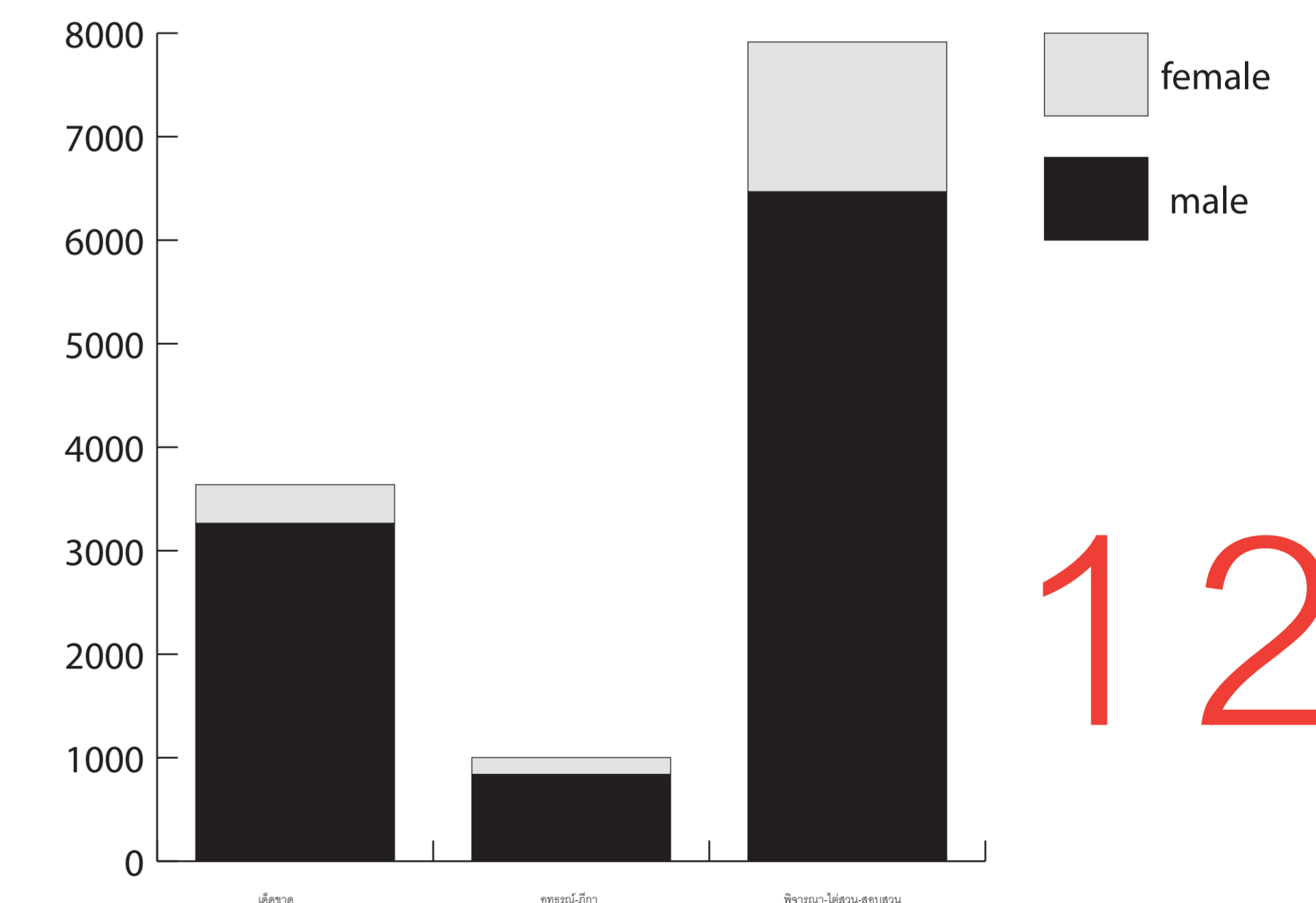
สถิติผู้ต้องขัง รับตัวตามหมายศาล



up to 30 may 2012

11

สถิติผู้ต้องขัง ปล่อยตัวตามหมายศาล



up to 30 may 2012

12

Director General

อธิบดีกรมราชทัณฑ์

Central Administration

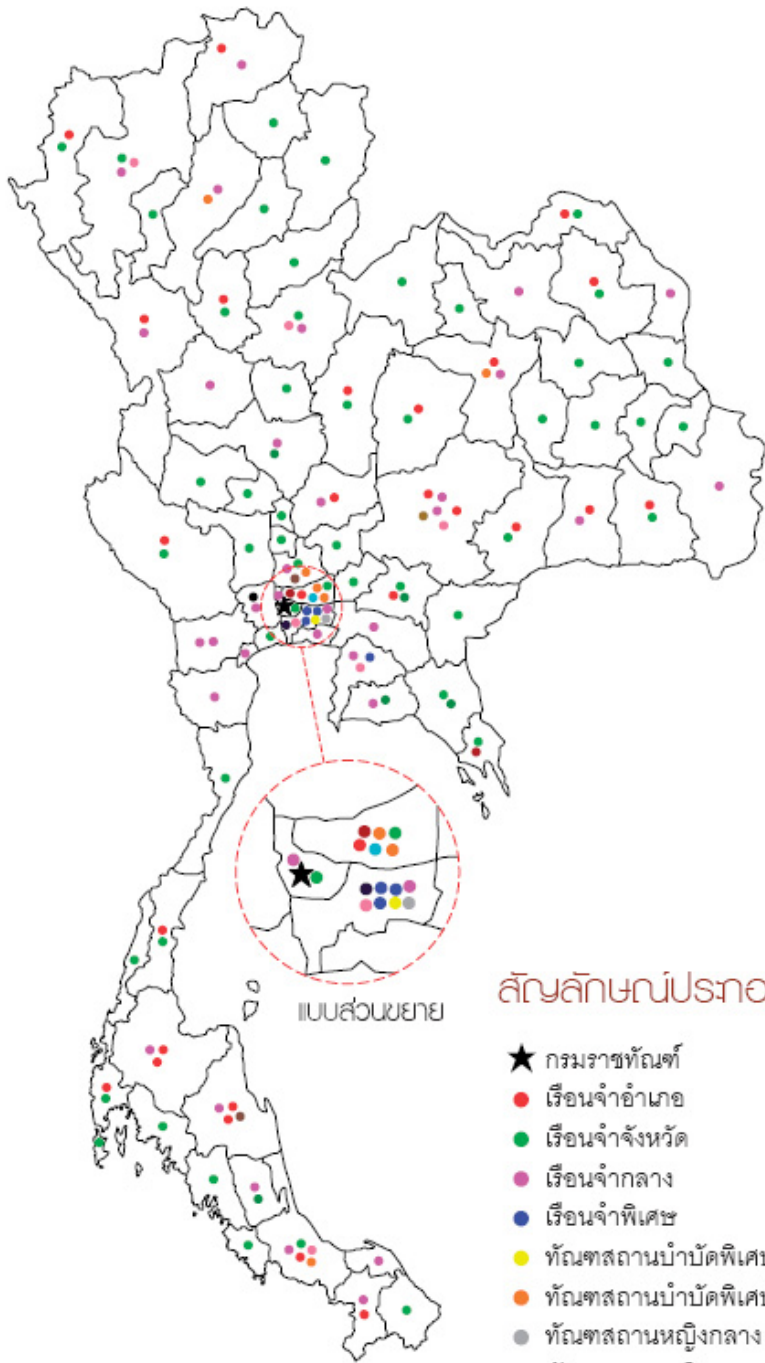
ส่วนกลาง

- Central Prison/เรือนจำกลาง (34)
- Remand Prison/เรือนจำพิเศษ (4)
- Correctional Institution/ทัณฑสถาน (24)
- House of Relegation/สถานกักขังกลาง (5)
- Detention House/สถานกักกัน (1)

Provincial Administration

ส่วนภูมิภาค

- Provincial Prison/เรือนจำจังหวัด (49)
- District Prison/เรือนจำอำเภอ (27)



แบบส่วนขยาย

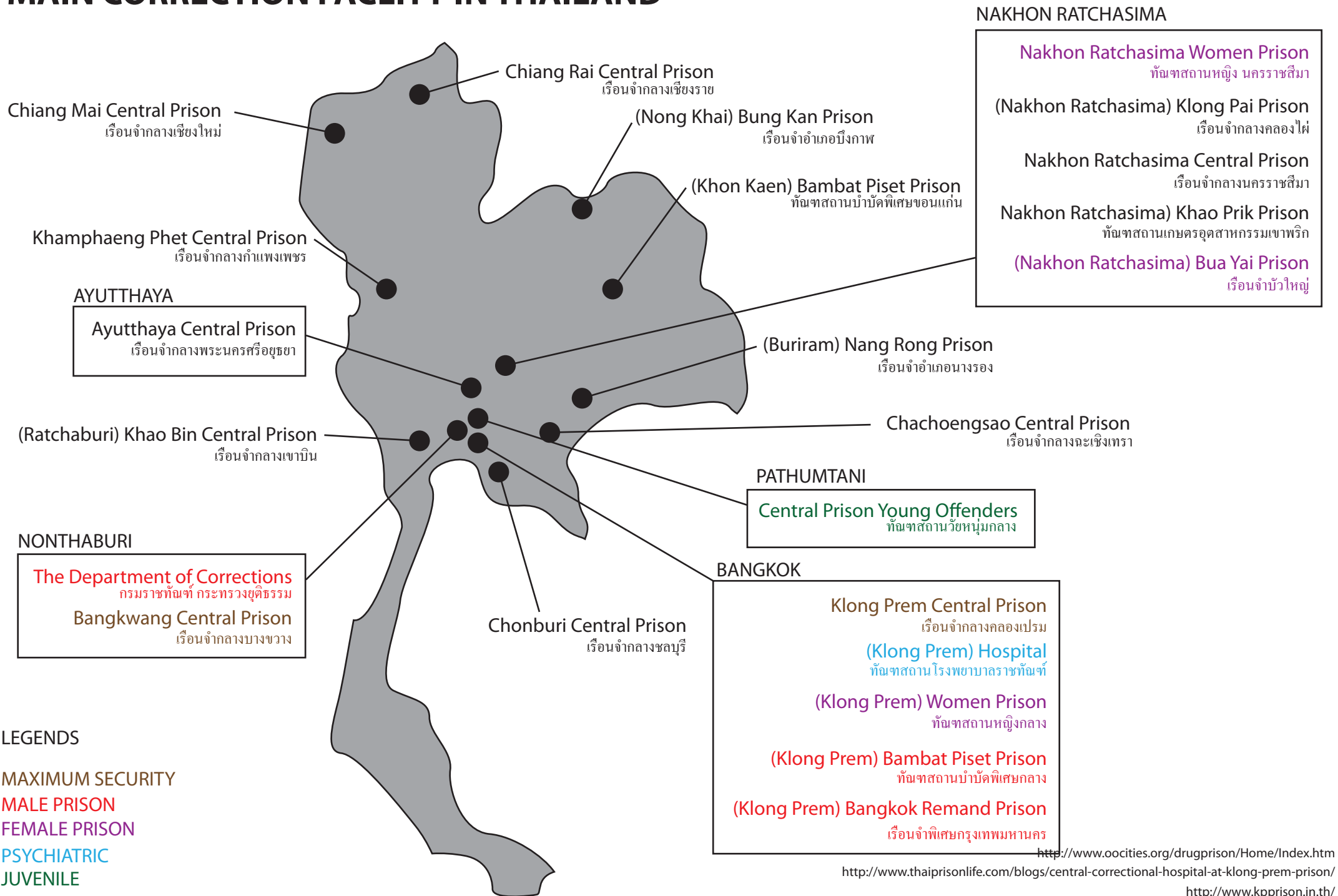
สัญลักษณ์ประกอบแบบ

- ★ กรมราชทัณฑ์
- เรือนจำอำเภอ
- เรือนจำจังหวัด
- เรือนจำกลาง
- เรือนจำพิเศษ
- ทัณฑสถานบำบัดพิเศษกลาง
- ทัณฑสถานบำบัดพิเศษ
- ทัณฑสถานหญิงกลาง
- ทัณฑสถานหญิง
- ทัณฑสถานวัยหนุ่มกลาง
- ทัณฑสถานวัยหนุ่ม
- ทัณฑสถานเปิด
- ทัณฑสถานเกษตรอุตสาหกรรม
- ทัณฑสถานโรงพยาบาลราชทัณฑ์
- สถานกักขังกลาง
- สถานกักกัน

Symbol

- ★ Department of Corrections
- District Prison
- Provincial Prison
- Central Prison
- Remand Prison
- Central Correctional Institution For Drug Addicts
- Correctional Institution For Drug Addicts
- Central Women Correctional Institution
- Women Correctional Institution
- Central Correctional Institution For Young Offenders
- Correctional Institution For Young Offenders
- Open Correctional Institution
- Agri-Industrial Correctional Institution
- Medical Correctional Institution
- Central House Of Relegation
- Detention House

MAIN CORRECTION FACILITY IN THAILAND



LEGENDS

MAXIMUM SECURITY

MALE PRISON

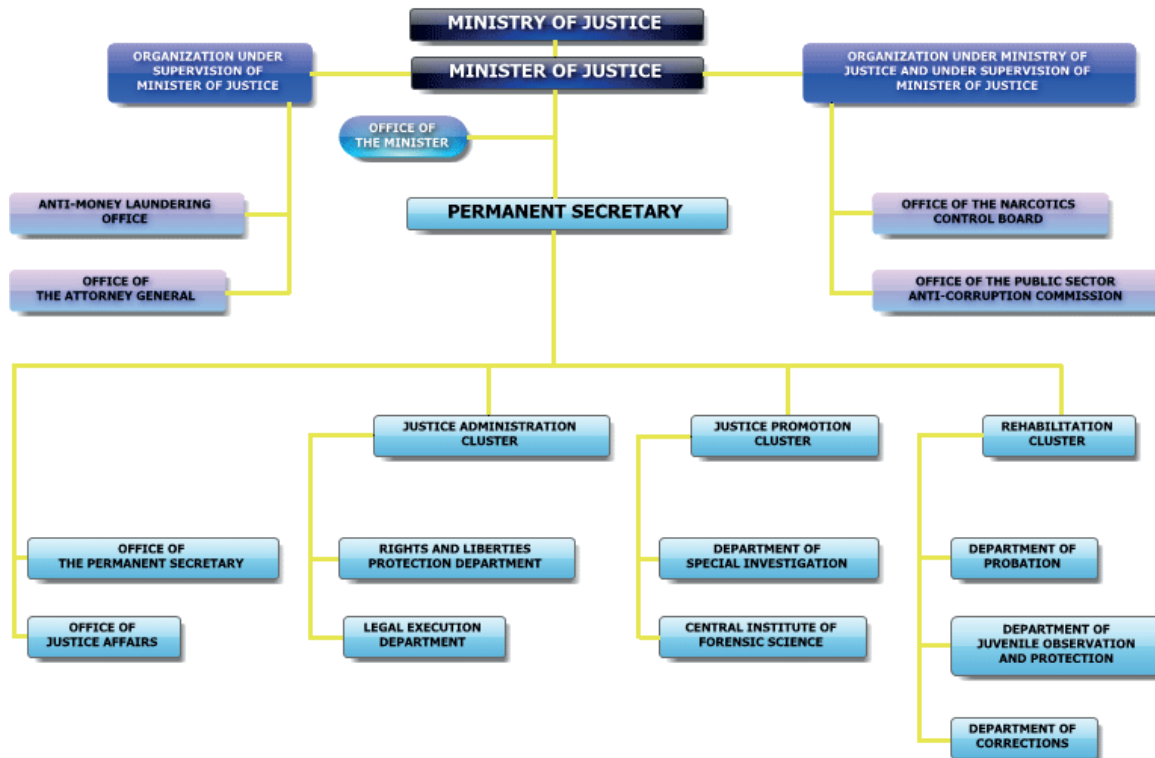
FEMALE PRISON

PSYCHIATRIC

JUVENILE

GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION

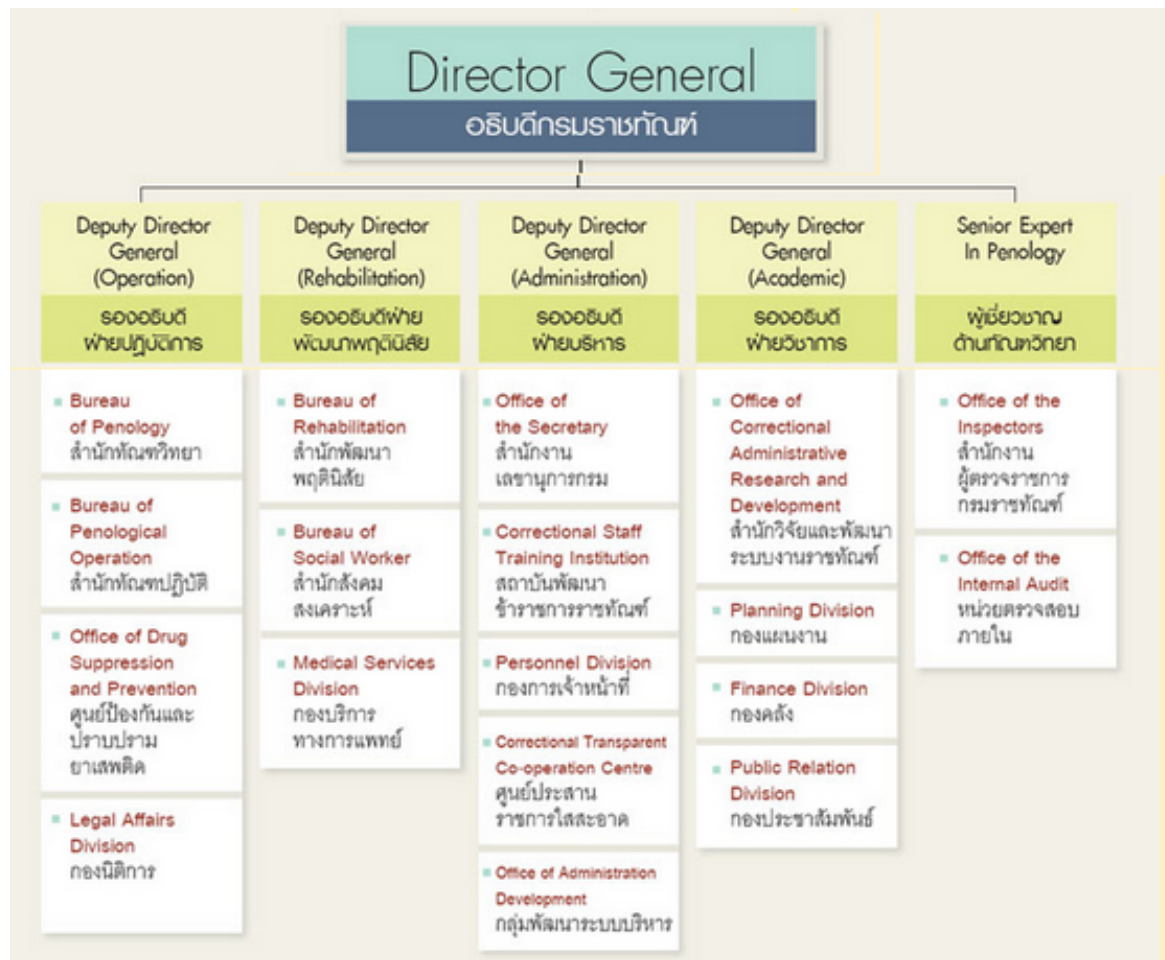
Ministry of Justice กระทรวงยุติธรรม



GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION

Department of Corrections

กรมราชทัณฑ์





Angela Carnegie



MALE/ FEMALE DIFFERENCES

violence/ lack of violence

*existense of anti-authority inmate social code/
no existense of anti-authority*

*mandate with groups and gangs/
much reduce*

more ego/ less ego

*hurting and sharing pain/
more often willing to co-operate*

anxiety and anger/

*more anxiety and anger due to seperation
from love ones*

*outward destruction of coping with trouble/
self destruction of coping with trouble*

no sense of family fabric/ made believe family system

sense of "have to prove themselves"/

isolation, rehabilitation to meet with family (motivator)

very reluctant of take programs/

very receptive to rehabilitation program

<http://www.wcl.american.edu/endsilence/documents/interpersonalrelationshipsinfemaleprisons.pdf>

<http://www.correctionsone.com/corrections/articles/1843155-Female-vs-male-inmates-The-rewards-and-challenges-of-managing-both/>

<http://voices.yahoo.com/female-prison-life-1966960.html>

MALE/ FEMALE DIFFERENCES

individual differences

*greater emotionality marked by impulsiveness, excitability, unreasonableness, need attention
impulsive, more individual, unreasonable, excitable*

suffer silently/ require alot of medical service

*biological differences
strong/ physically vulnerable*

asserting masculinity/ emotional attachments

*homosexual activity
aggressive, predatory, often violent/
endemic but consensual*

gain status/ direct expression

death/ mental illness

*social organization:
2 self governing communities
- adversarial, distance social difference inmate, staff member, inmate themselves
- attachment between group and staff*

MALE/ FEMALE DIFFERENCES

values and attitudes
anti- authoritarian/ conformist

offenders/ risk

PRISON FACILITIES

SEPERATE MALE & FEMALE

WINGS AND HALLS

MAIN ENTRANCE "SALLY PORT"

RELIGIOUS FACILITY

- *CHAPLAINCY OFFICES*
- *GROUP AND INDIVIDUAL COUNSELLING*

EDUCATION FACILITY

- *LIBRARY*
- *ADULT EDUCATION/ TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT*

GYM

- *EXERCISE YARD*
- *RECREATION*

HEALTHCARE FACILITY

- *HOSPITAL*

SEGREGATION UNIT

- *ISOLATION CELL*
- *PUNISHMENT*

SEGREGATION UNIT (DANGEROUS INMATE)

- *ISOLATION CELL*
- *PUNISHMENT*

PROTECTIVE CUSTODY UNIT (VULBERABLE INMATE)

SAFE CELLS

- *CONSTANT OBSERVATION, SUICIDE RISK*

VISIT AREA

DEATH ROW

STAFF ACCOMMODATION AREA

SERVICE/ FACILITIES

- *HOUSING SUPPORT, KITCHEN*

INDUSTRIAL OR AGRICULTURAL PLANT OPERATE WITH PRISON LABOUR

RECREATIONAL AREA

- *INDOOR ACTIVITY*

SECURITY LEVEL

Category A: those whose escape would be highly dangerous to the public or national security.

Category B: those who do not require maximum security, but for whom escape needs to be made very difficult.

Category C: those who cannot be trusted in open conditions but who are unlikely to try to escape.

Category D: those who can be reasonably trusted not to try to escape, and are given the privilege of an open prison. Prisoners at 'D Cat' (as it is commonly known) prisons, are, subject to approval, given ROTL (Release On Temporary Licence) to work outside the prison or to go on 'home leave' once they have passed their FLED (Full Licence Eligibility Date), which is usually a quarter of the way through their sentence.

PRISON / JAIL

SUPERMAX

- *WORST OF WORST, THREAT TO SOCIETY*
- *TERRORIST/ HIGH PROFILE*
- *INDIVIDUAL LOCKDOWN, 23 HOURS/ DAY*

ADMINISTRATIVE

- *SPECIFIC PURPOSE, EG. MENTALLY ILL OFFENDERS*
- *MIN TO MAX SECURITY*

MAXIMUM

- *MAXIMUM EXTERNAL+ INTERNAL CONTROL*
- *SUPERVISION THROUGH HIGH SECURITY PERIMETER*
- *USE OF PHYSICAL BARRIER/ CHECK POINT*
- *FOR HOLDING PRISONER WHO ESCAPE RISK/ THREATS*

HIGH

- *HIGHLY SECURE PERIMETER*
- *MULTIPLE AND SINGLE OCCUPANT CELL*
- *CLOSE CONTROL ON INMATE MOVEMENT*

MEDIUM

- *PROVIDE SECURE EXTERNAL/ INTERNAL CONTROL AND SUPERVISION*
- *MODERATE ESCAPE RISK/ THREAT*
- *INMATE WILLING TO COMPLY WITH RULES AND REGULATION*
- *INCREASED JOB AND PROGRAM OPPORTUNITIES*

CLOSE SECURITY

- *TOO DANGEROUS FOR LOW SECURITY*
- *COMMITTED CRIME THAT ISN'T MEDIUM PUNISHMENT*
- *SEPERATE FROM LOW AND MEDIUM*

LOW

- *SUPERVISION AND MONITORING BEHAVIOUR + ACTIVITY*
- *NOT SERIOUS RISK TO STAFF INMATE*
- *REFLECT AND RETURN SENSE OF PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY*
- *MANDATED PARTICIPATION PROGRAM*
- *GEAR TOWARD REINTEGRATION TO COMMUNITY*
- *LIMITED ACCESS TO COMMUNITY*

MINIMUM

- *PRISON FARM*
- *INMATE CAN BE ASSIGN DIRECTLY*

MINIMUM

- *PRISON FARM*
- *INMATE CAN BE ASSIGN DIRECTLY*

PRE-RELEASE

- *REFLECT & RESTORING INMATE MAXIMUM RESPONSIBILITY AND CONTROL OF BEHAVIOUR / ACTION BEFORE RELEASE*
- *NO DIRECT OBSERVATION*
- *INTERMITTENT OBSERVATION*
- *NOT SO MUCH SECURITY*

SPECIAL TYPES OF PRISON

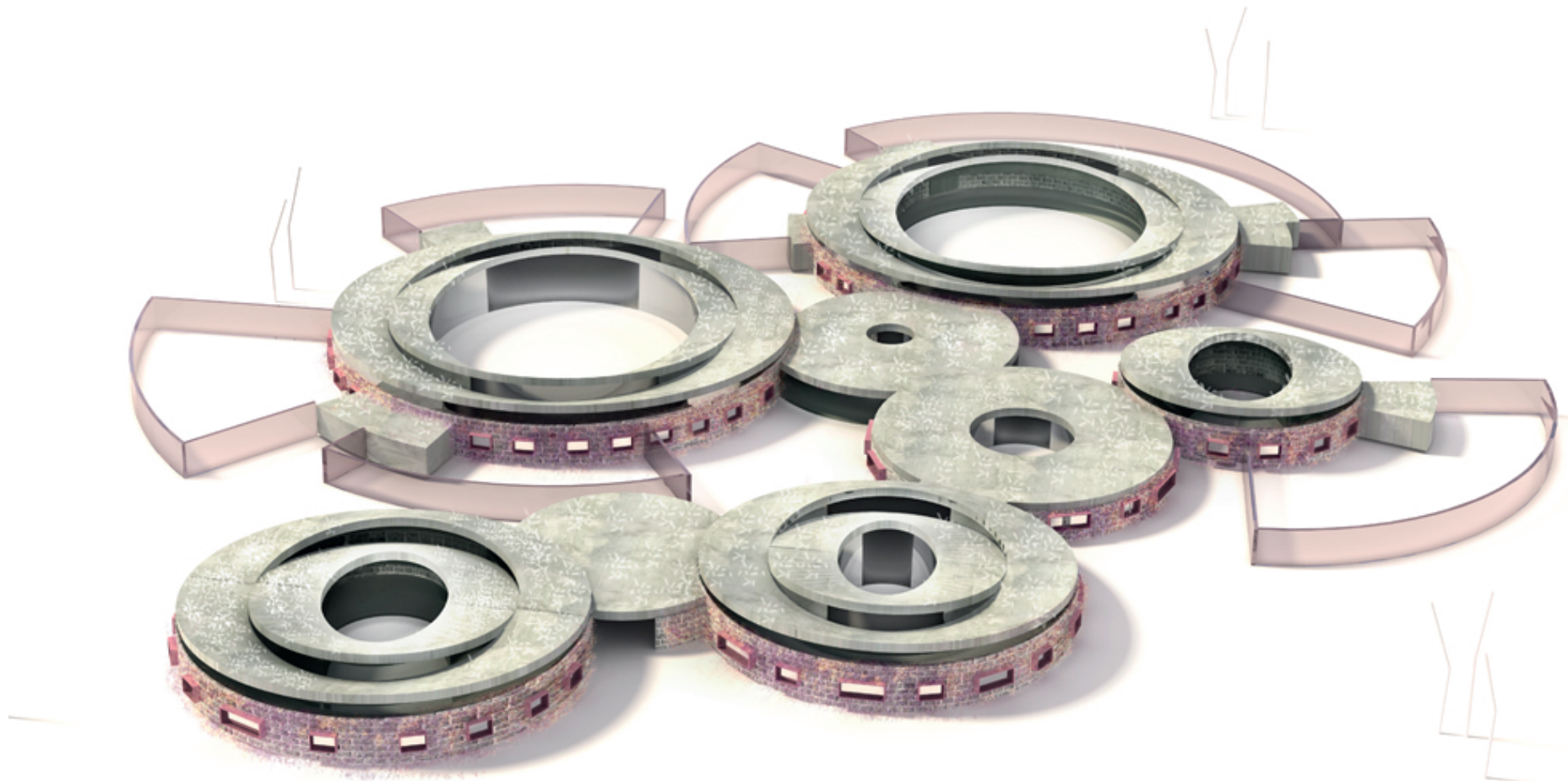
JUVENILE
- YOUTH DETENTION

MILITARY

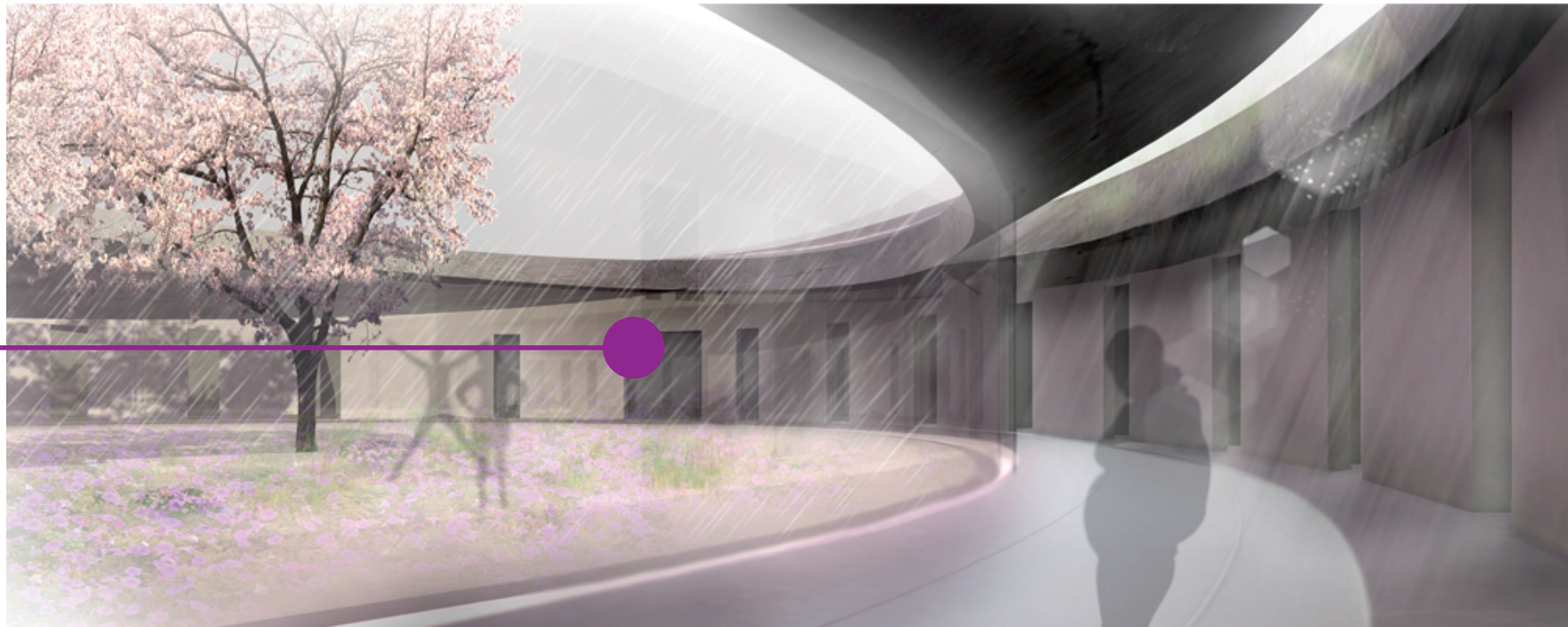
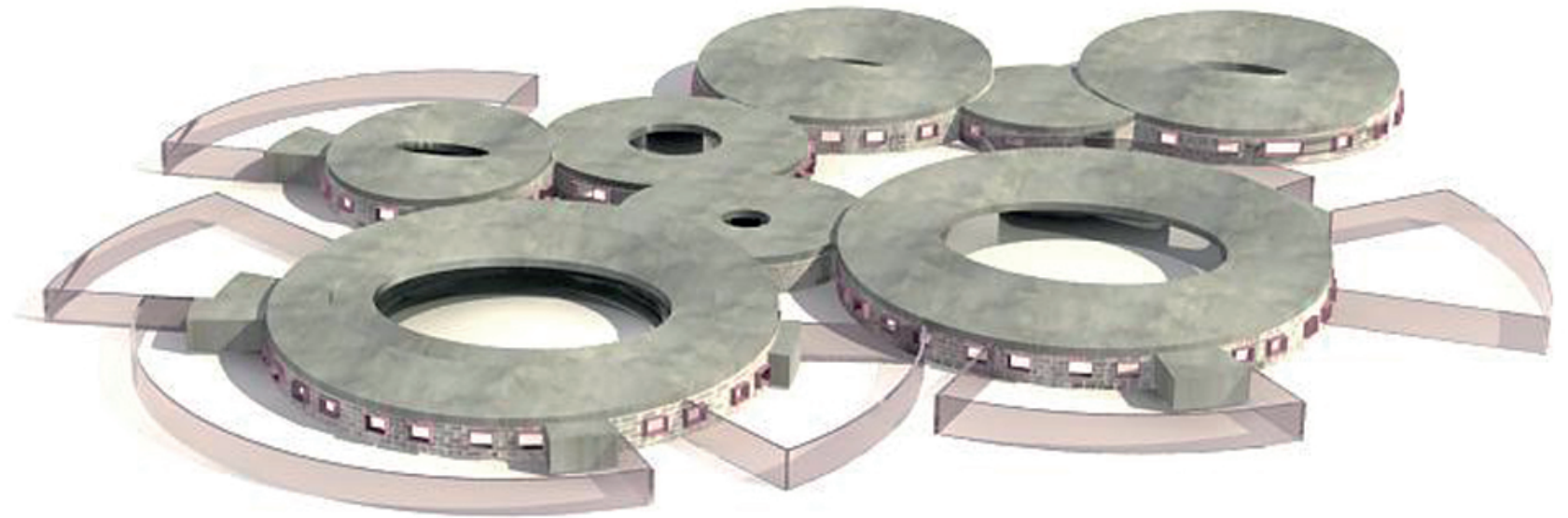
POLITICAL

PSYCHIATRIC

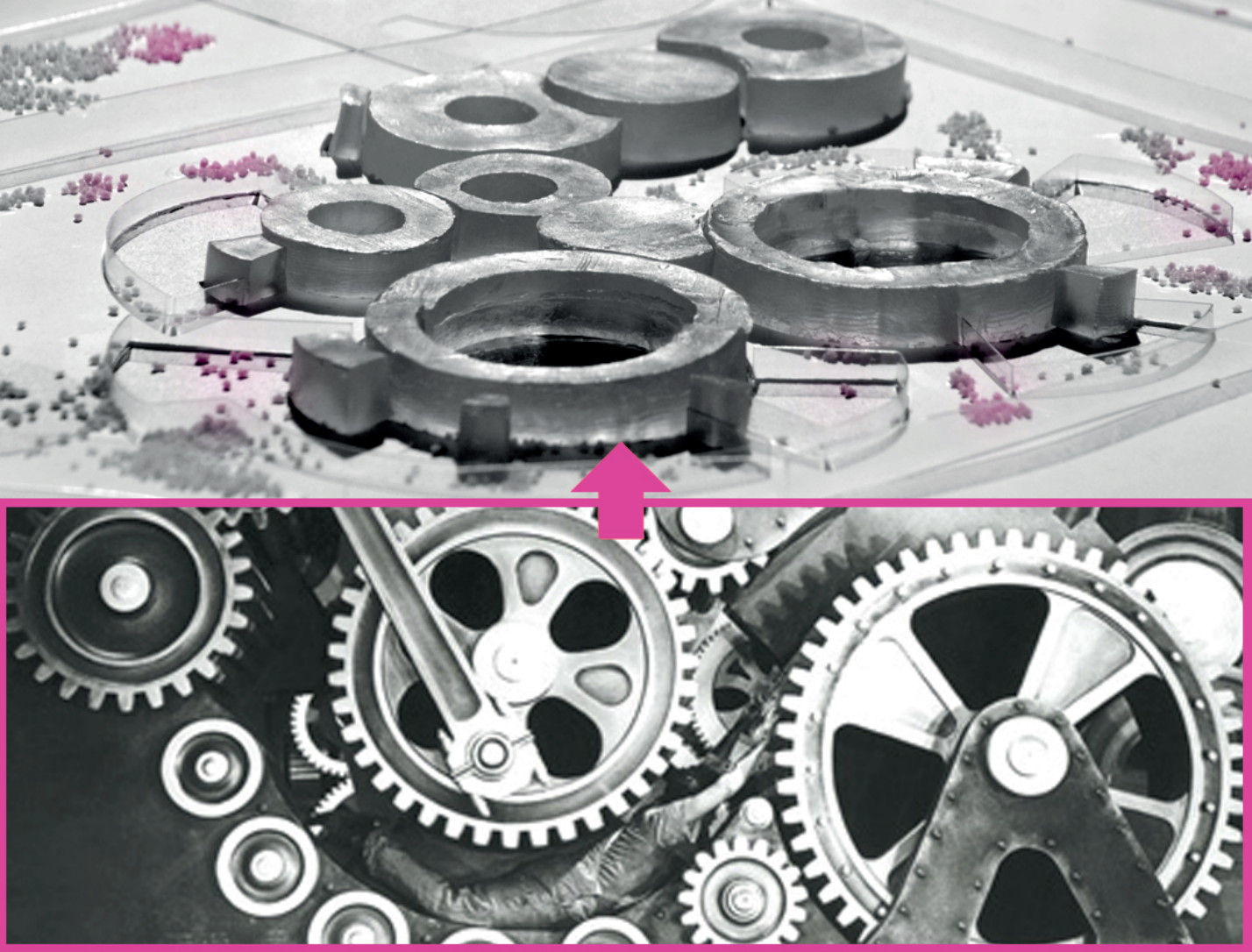
Female Prison / OOIO Architecture



not giving off the appearance of a typical penitentiary
and increasing a sense of freedom

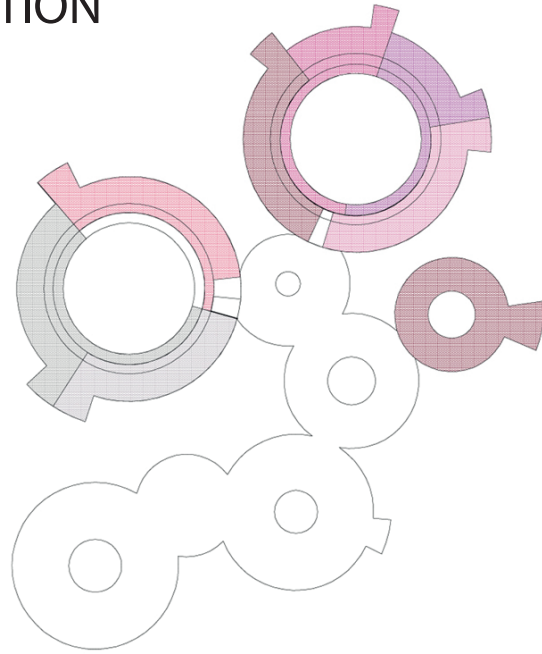


Instead of containing the functions in a singular building, this breaks into several tiny and more human scaled pavilions.

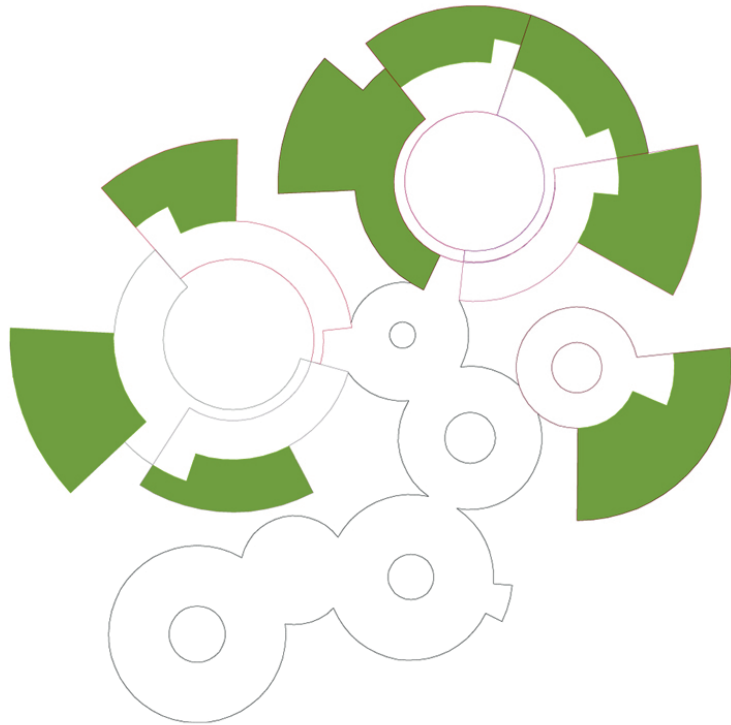
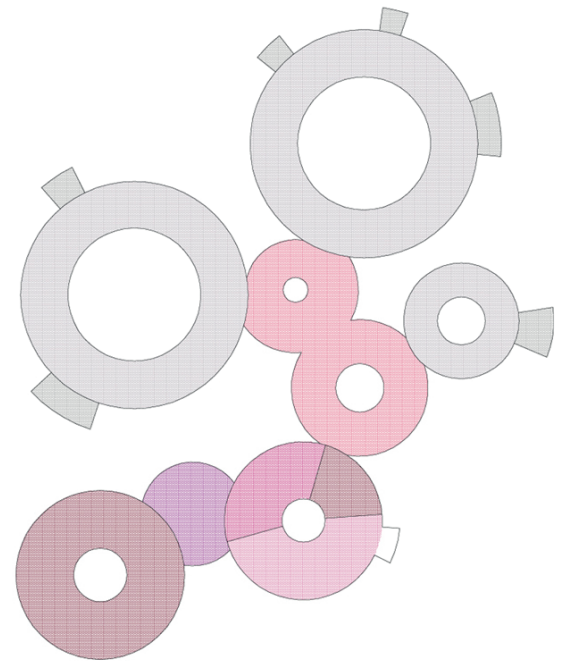


BUILDING ORGANIZATION

CELLS ORGANIZATION>

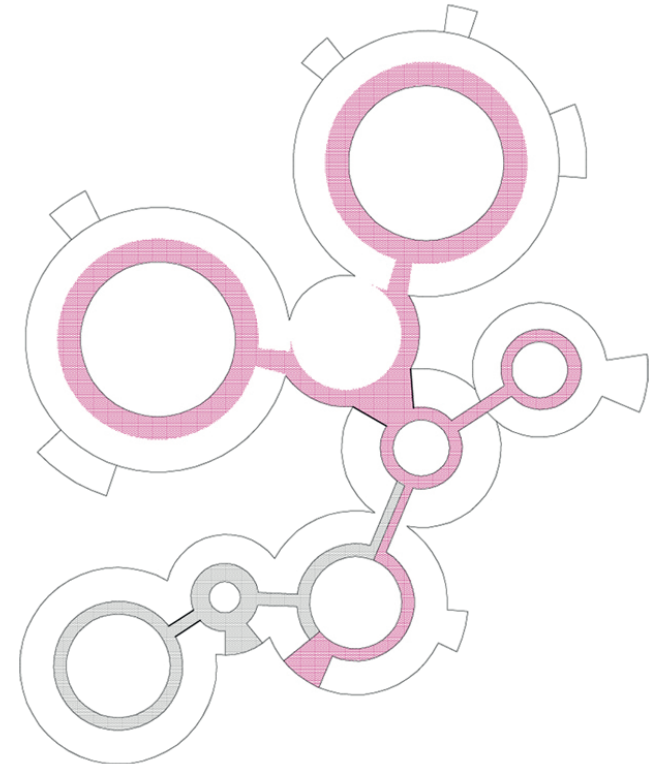


PROGRAM DISTRIBUTION>



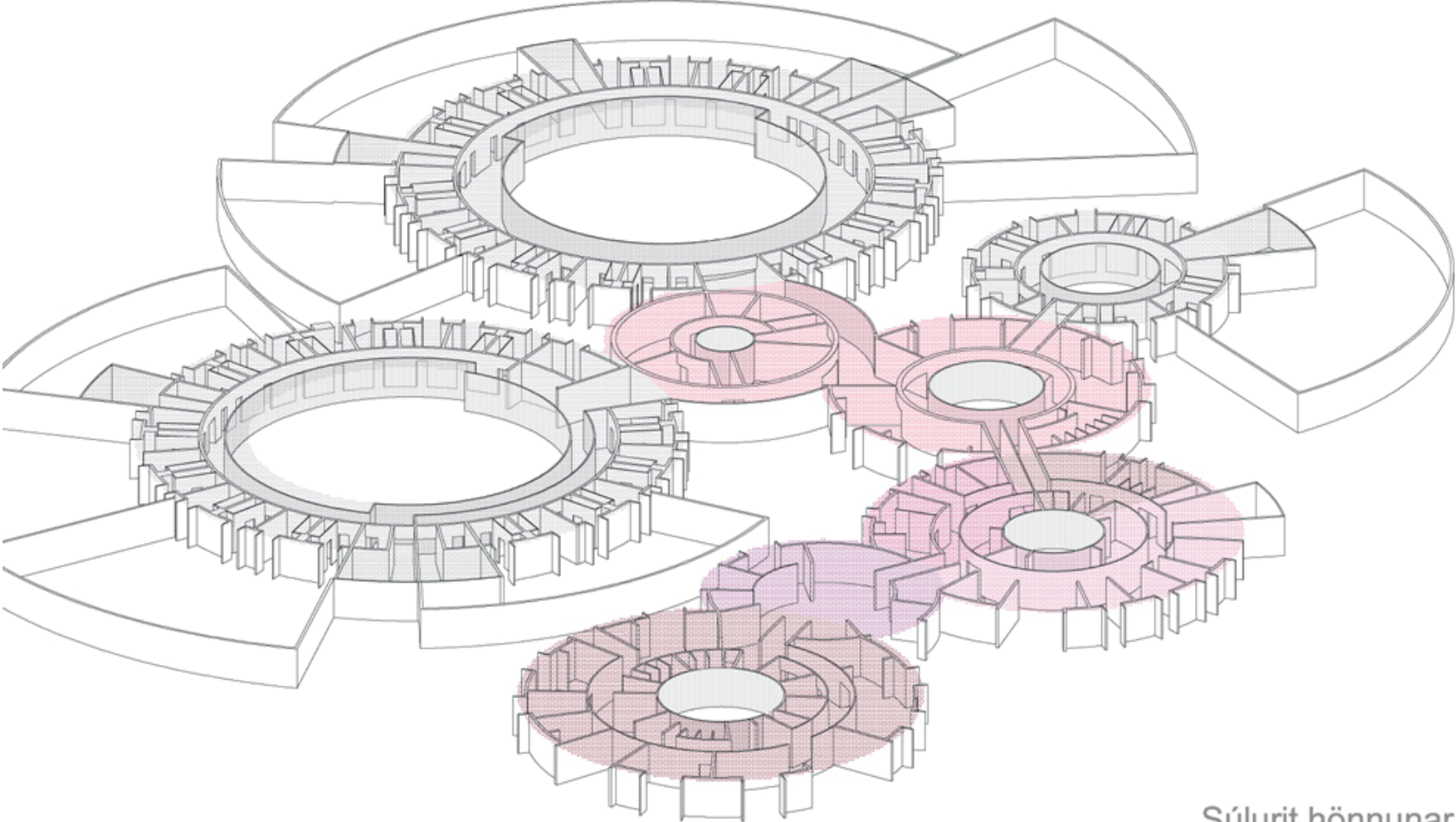
CIRCULATIONS>

- workers
- prisoners



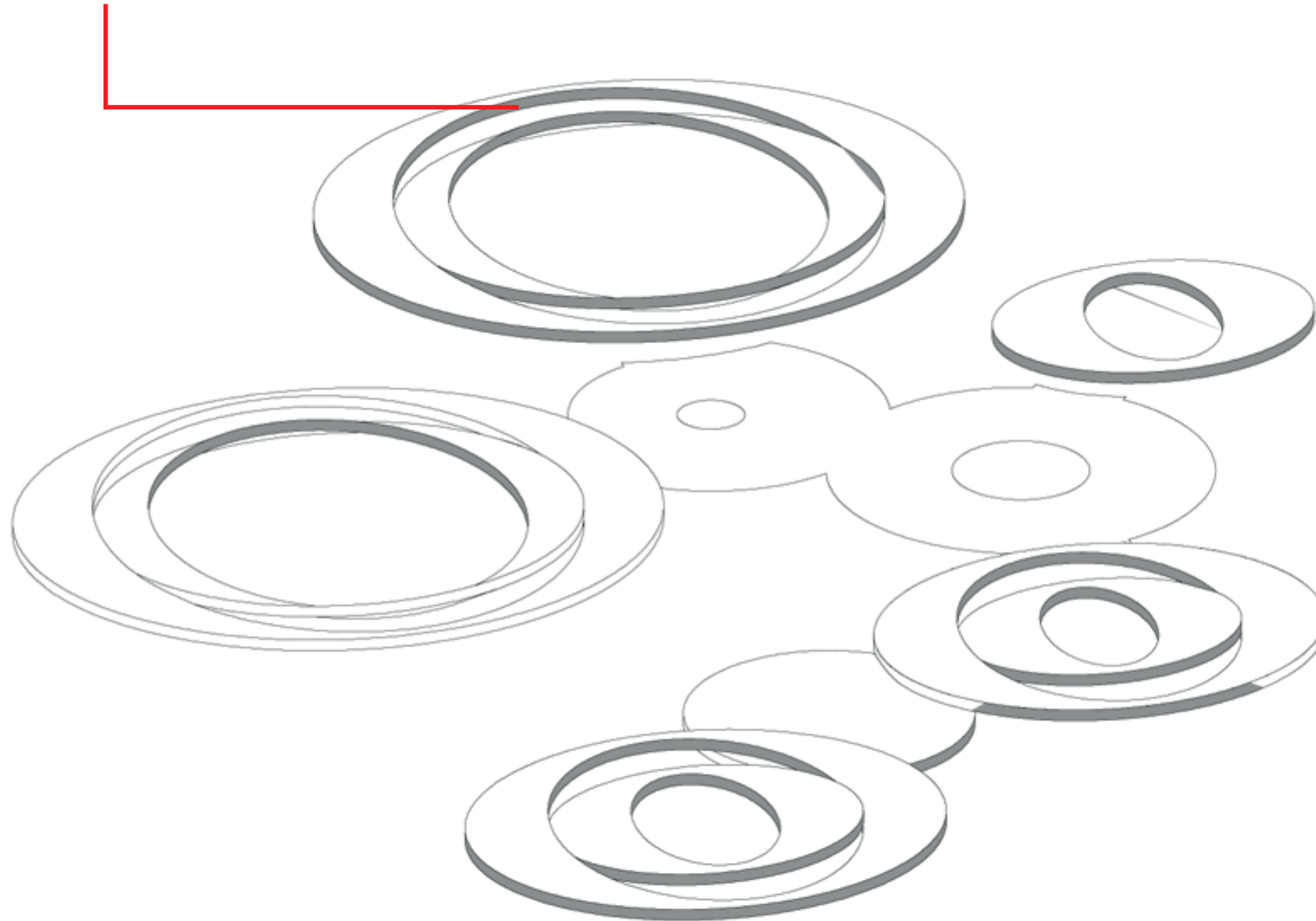
Yards

PRISON BARRIER

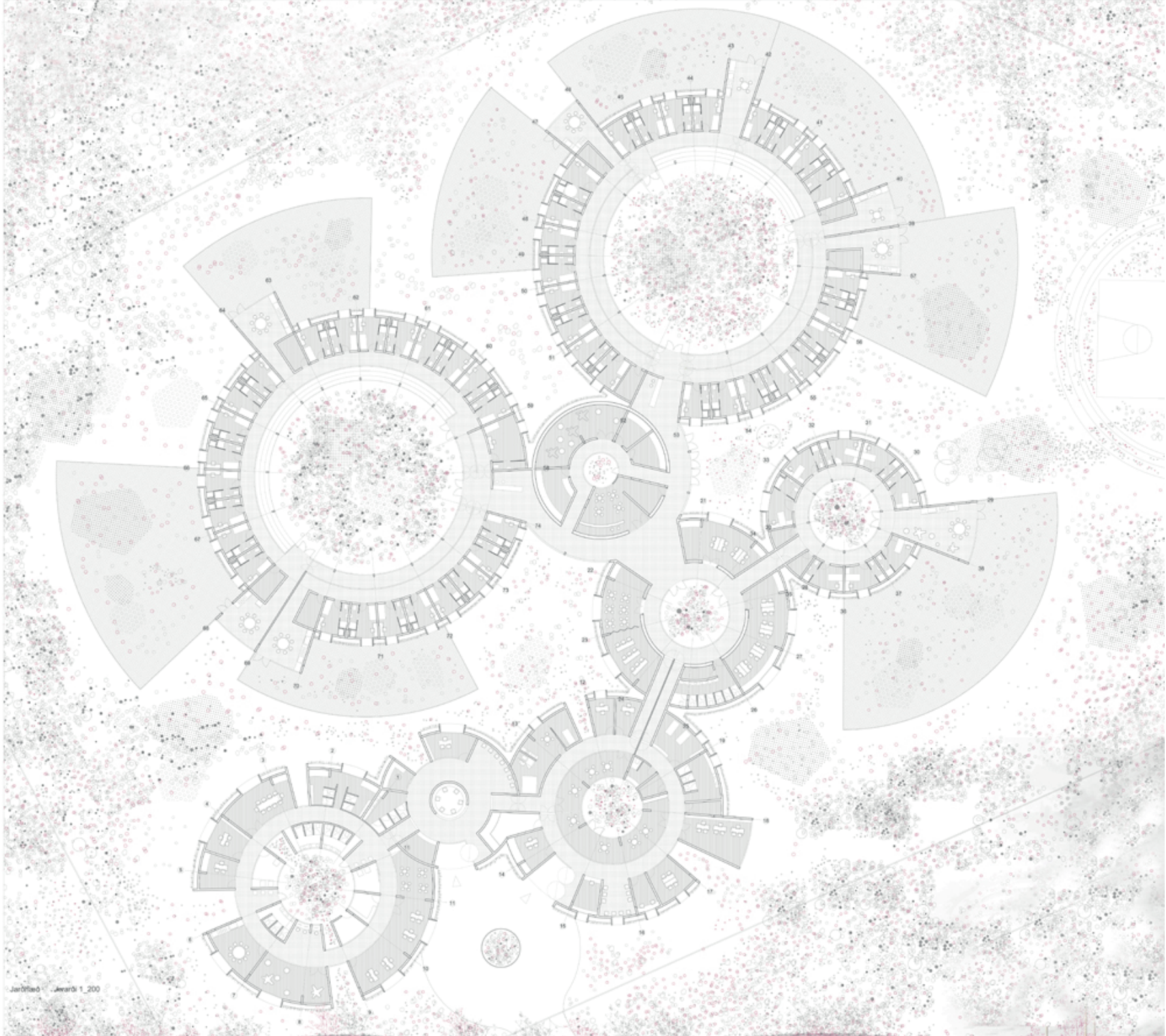


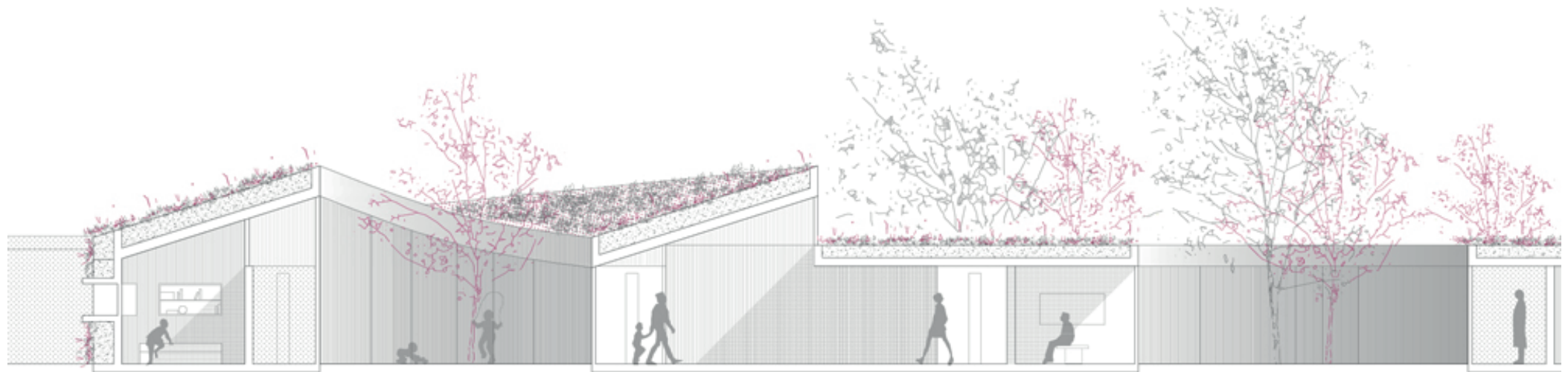
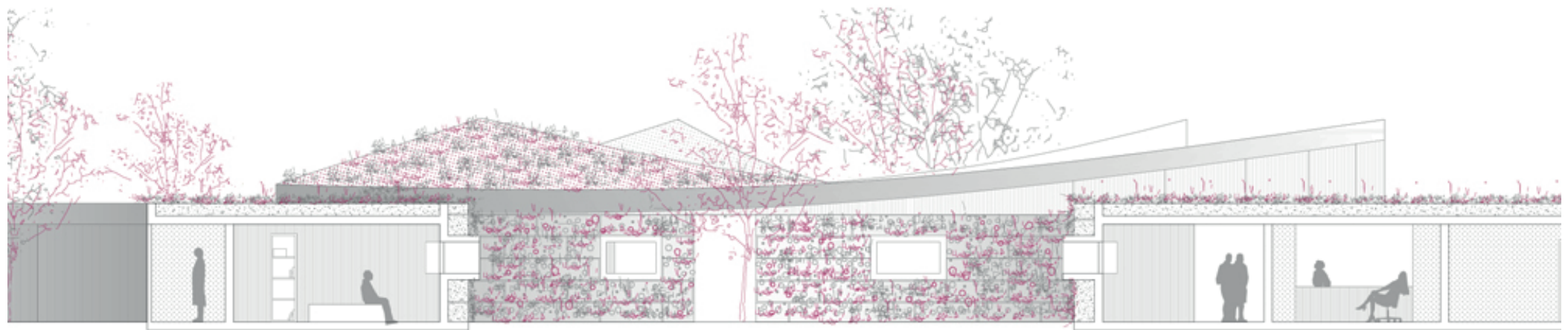
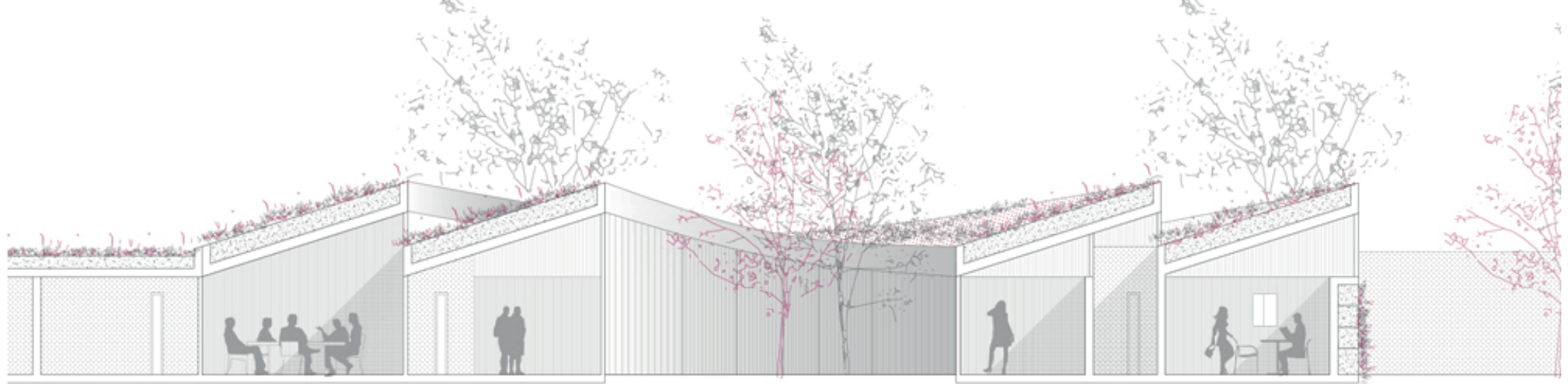
Súlurit hönnunar

INDIRECT SUNLIGHT ROOF

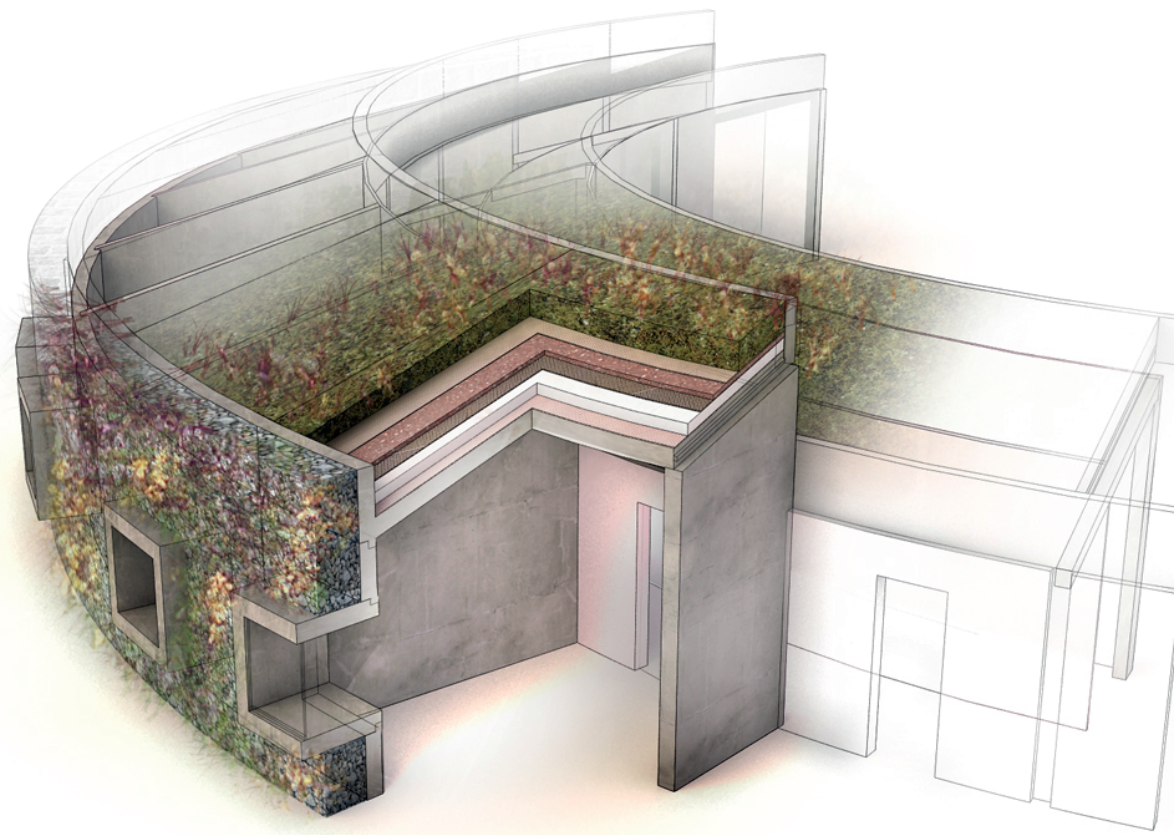


Forunnið þak úr léttri steinsteypu



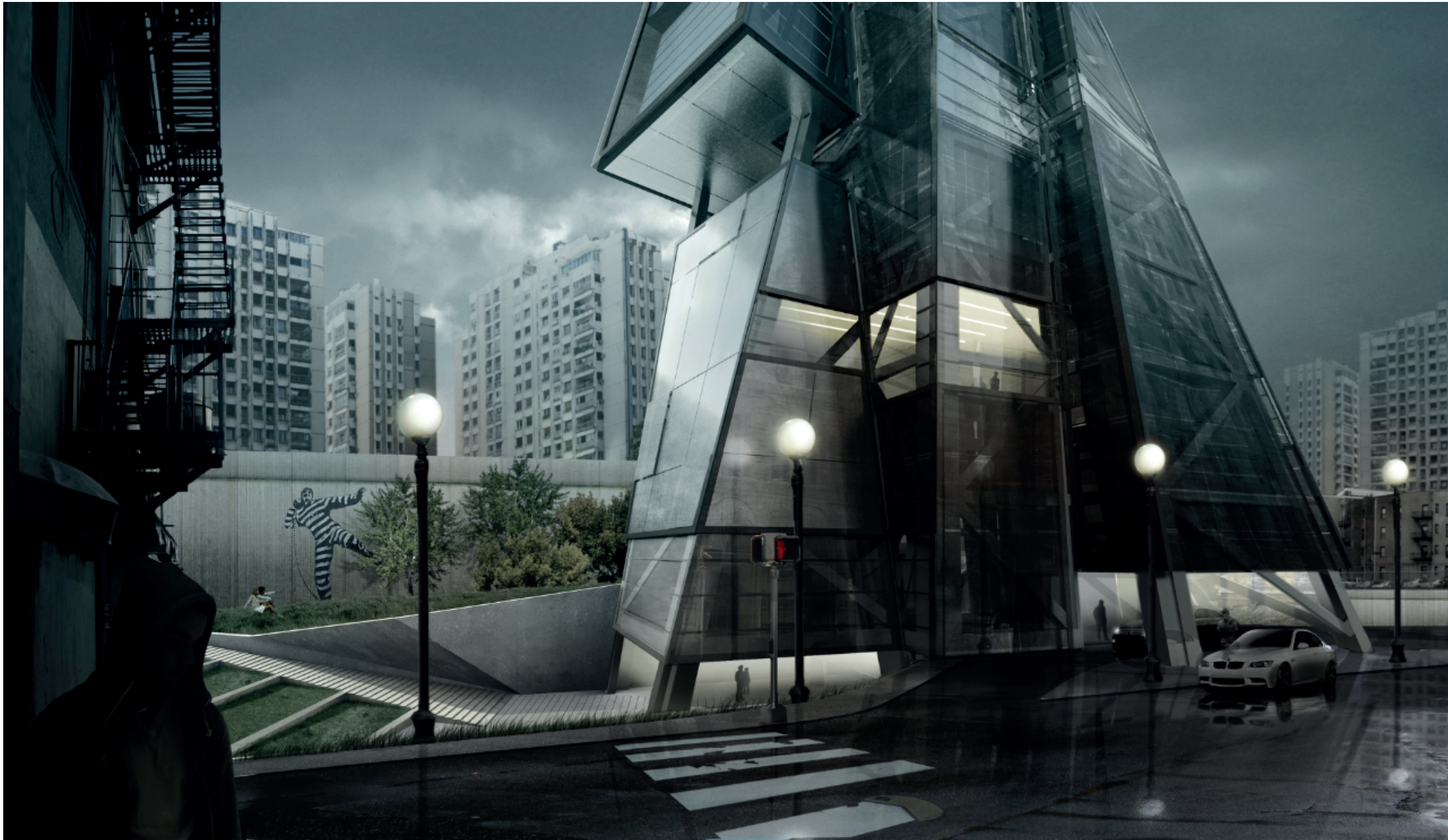






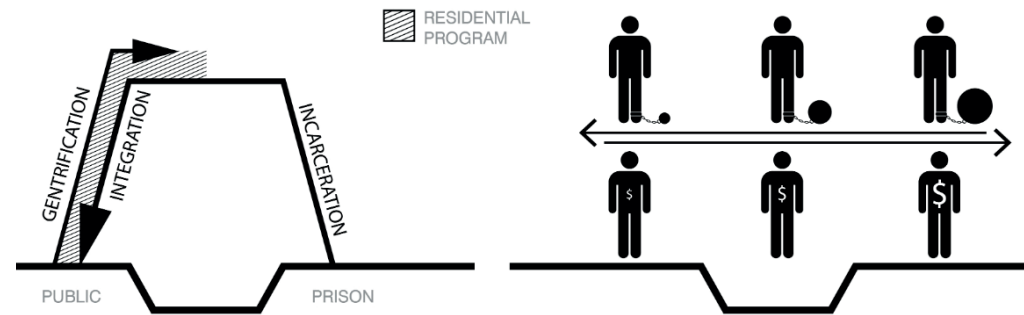
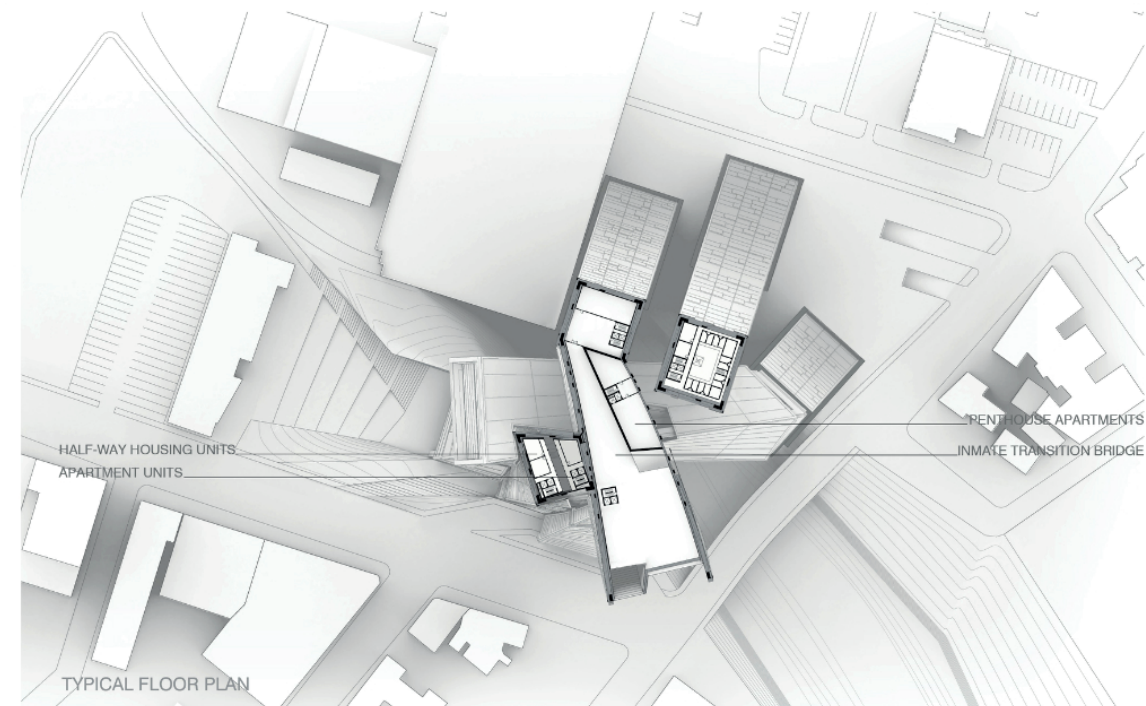
Based on natural light,
open spaces and greenery
such as peat, grass and flowers

499.SUMMIT Reimagines U.S. Prisons

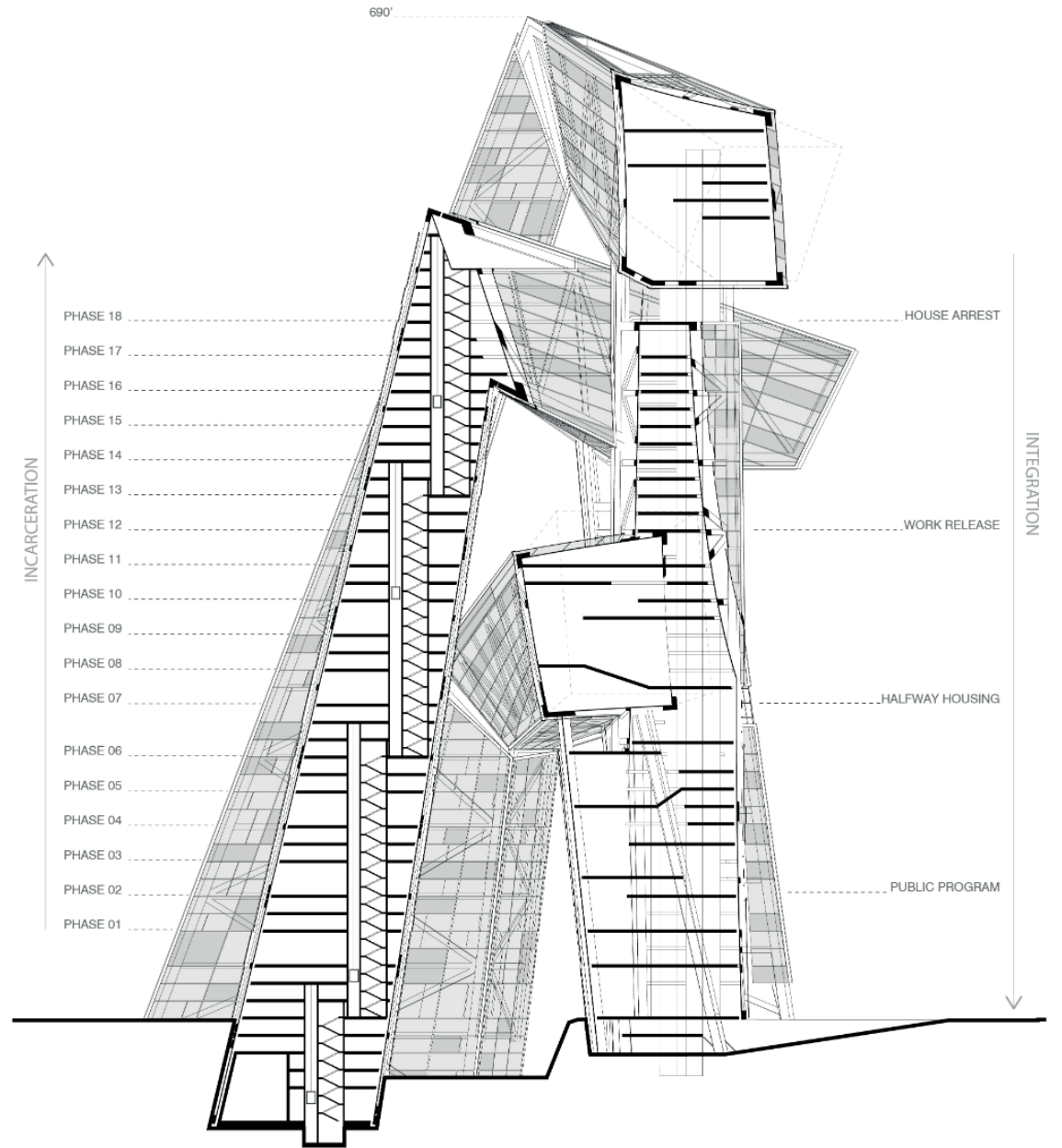


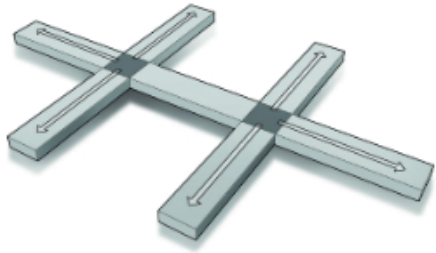
2/3 OF INMATE RETURN TO PRISON WITH 5 YEARS

PREPARING INMATE BACK TO SOCIETY

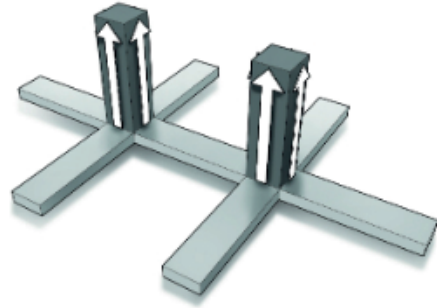


urban penitentiary

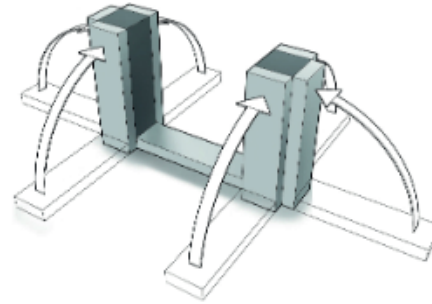




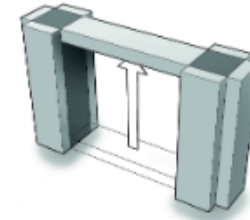
TYPICAL PRISON LAYOUT



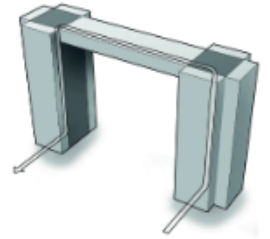
EXTRUDING UP CENTRAL ZONE



FOLD UP HOUSING CORRIDORS



PUSH UP CONNECTION BAR



TRANSITIONAL PRISON

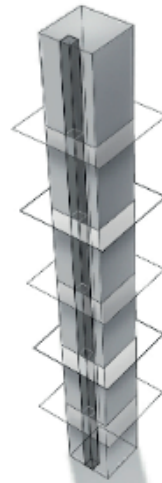
VERTICAL SECURITY



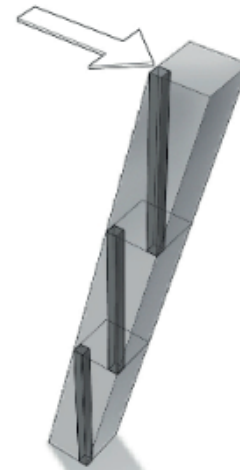
TYPICAL TOWER



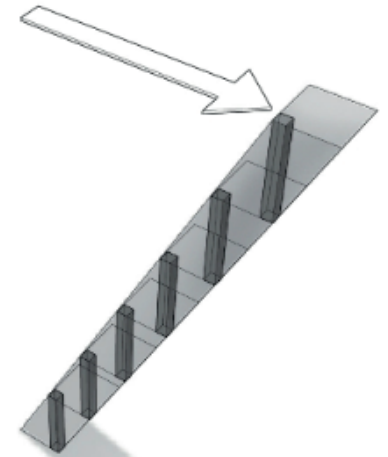
CORE PUSHED TO PERIMETER



CORE SEGMENTED



TOWER TILTED TO DISPLACE CORES



VERTICAL CIRCULATION RESTRICTED

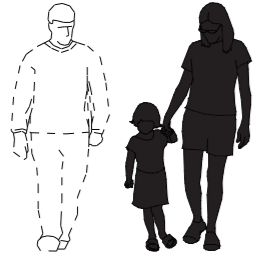
COMMON YOUTH PROBLEM

REASON

EFFECT

FROM

ACTIVITY



single parent household

less income
fewer opportunities
less time for parental guidance
higher dropout rates
high risk to sexual behavior & pregnancies
high chance to alcohol & drug abuse

health problems
amplified immature behavior
anti-social
violent behavior
drunk drive

drug & alcohol abuse

stereotype of being cool
T.V.
internet
music

teenage pregnancies

T.V.
internet
music

growing up too fast

unsafe learning environment

T.V.
video games

violence in school

distorted measure of success and happiness
earn vs you don't need
financial concerns

T.V.
internet

materialism

COMMON YOUTH PROBLEM CONT.

REASON

EFFECT

FROM

ACTIVITY

obesity

health problems
sedentary lifestyle
low self-esteem
depression

T.V.
computers

differentiation of opportunities

race & financial status
uneven distribution of knowledge

education disparity

low income jobs
financial status

shifty economy

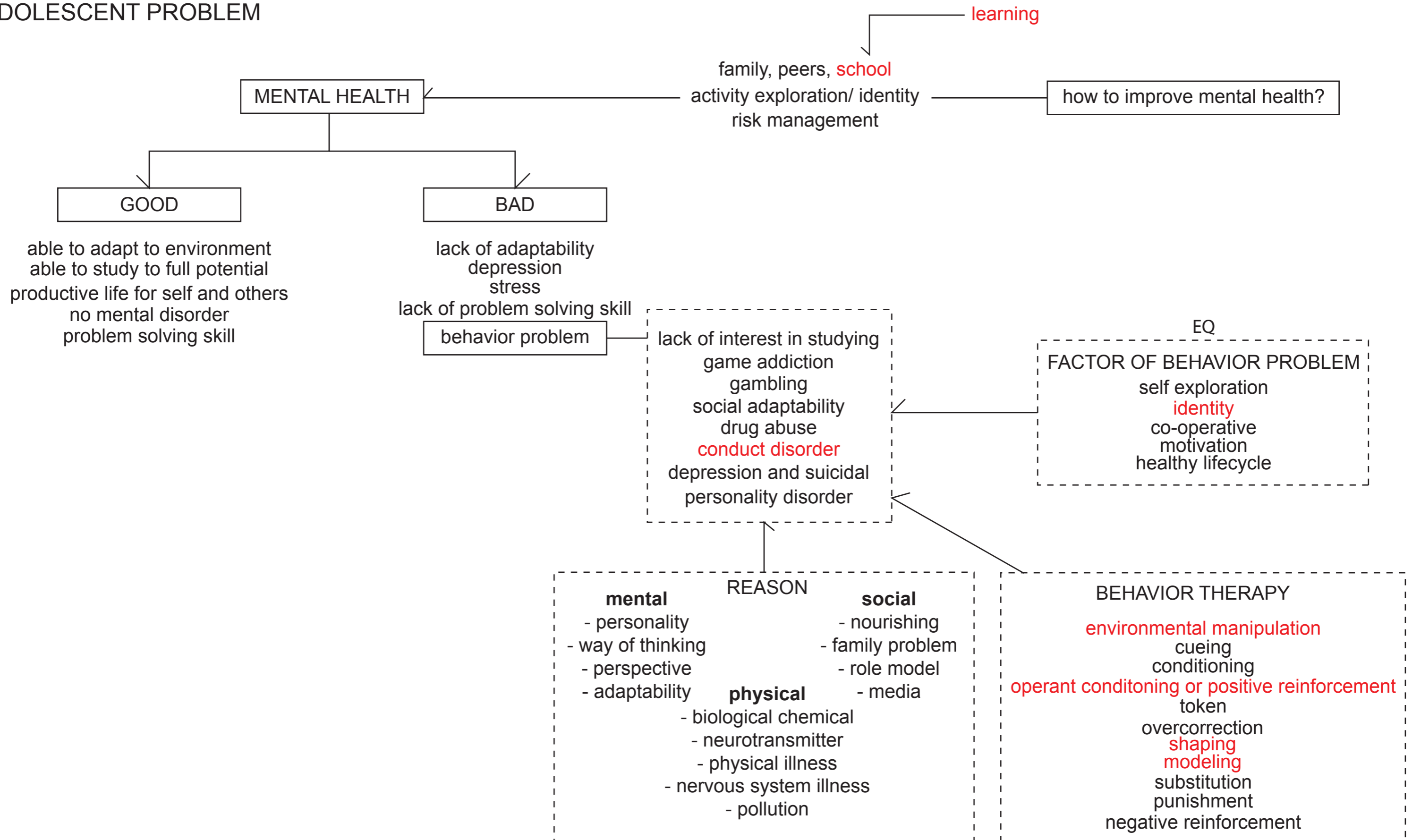
impedes of learning & social contribution
behavioral problems

poverty

lack of consideration as a whole
them not "me/us"

erosion of national pride/ identity

ADOLESCENT PROBLEM



behavior problem

why

can lead to

lack of interest in studying

intelligence
attention deficit disorder
personality problem
stressor
depression
certain aspect of learning
lack of motivation
lack of support

lack of knowledge/ judgement

game addiction

lack of family interaction
able to provide:
- sense of challenge and competitiveness
- sense of gamble/ rewarding
- provide a sense of violence

obesity and health issue

gambling

easily rewarded

depression
bipolar disorder
alcohol & drug abuse

social adaptability

low self esteem
sex
lack of self identity

adjustment disorder
solitary

http://www.psyclin.co.th/new_page_37.htm

<http://www.ramamental.com/medicalstudent/generalpsyc/adjustment-disorder/>

http://www.rcpsycht.org/detail_title.php?news_id=79

<http://www.ramamental.com/gameaddiction.pdf>

<http://www.dailynews.co.th/article/1490/118803>

<http://www.bloggang.com/viewdiary.php?id=gameholic&month=09-2008&date=14&group=1&gblog=7>

behavior problem

why

can lead to

drug abuse

physically stimulation
social value
releasing hallucination

mental disorder
health problem
death

conduct disorder

repetitive and persistent pattern of behavior

antisocial personality
disorder

depression and suicidal

violence in family
stress and family expectation
drug and alchohol abuse
stressor

death

personality disorder

<http://www.saf.mut.ac.th/Pages/psychology/Suicide.htm>

http://www.clinicdek.com/index.php?option=com_content&task=view&id=258&Itemid=26

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Conduct_disorder

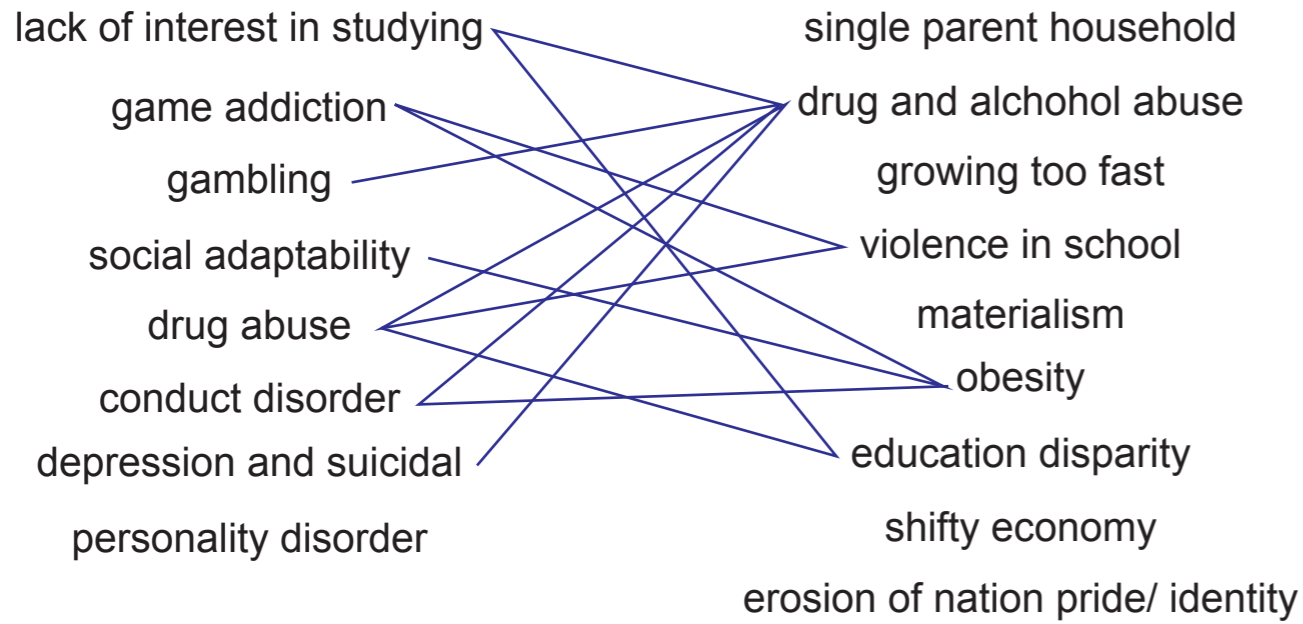
http://nctc.oncb.go.th/new/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=1126:2555-02-21-02-m-s&catid=173:-2554&Itemid=229

<http://www.chetupon.ac.th/Yasebtid/Pages/YouthProtect1.html>

BEHAVIOR PROBLEM AND COMMON YOUTH PROBLEM

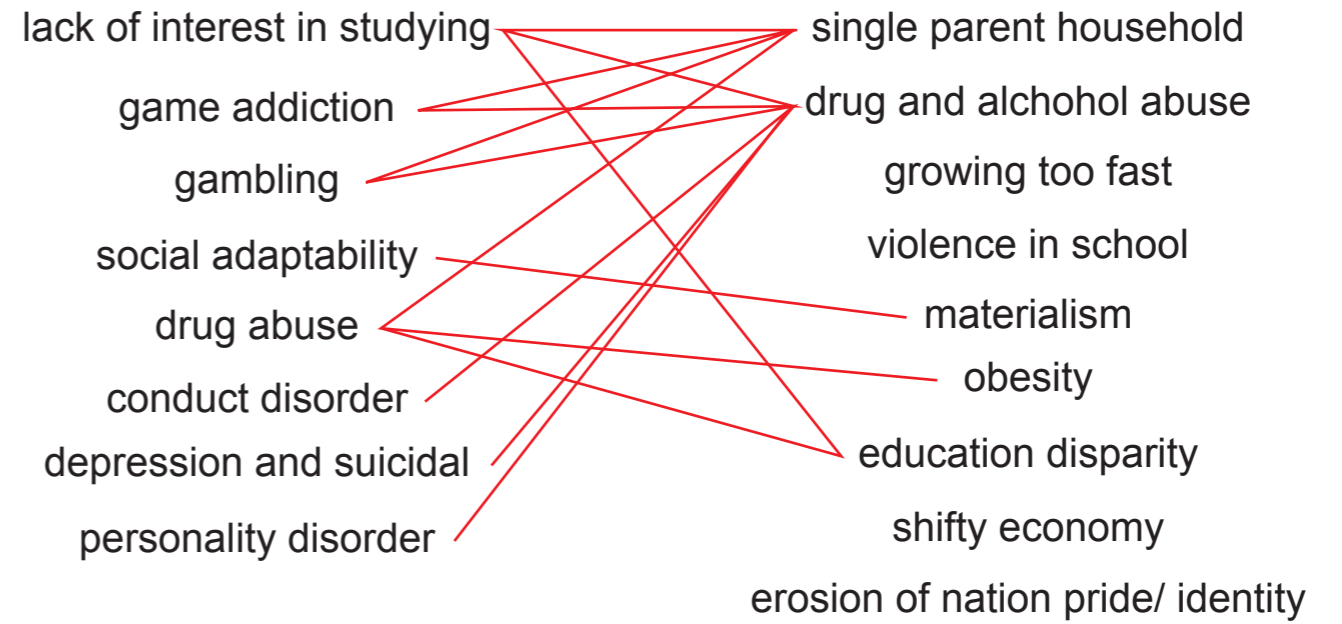
behavior problem

common youth problem



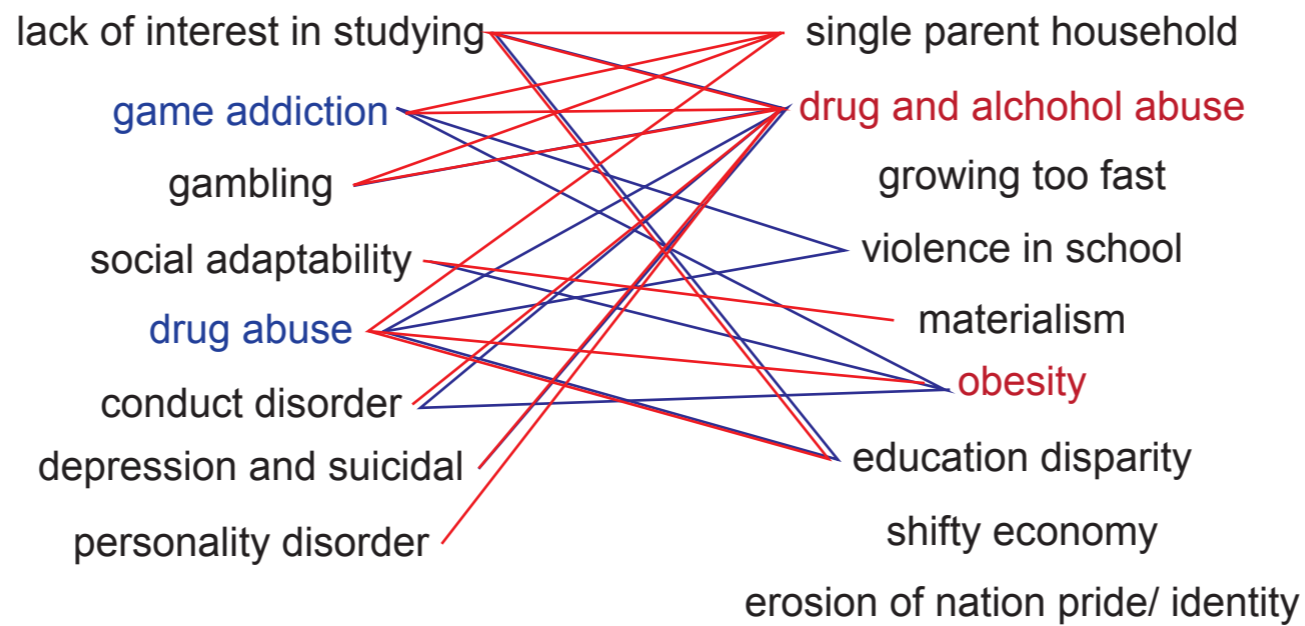
behavior problem

common youth problem



behavior problem

common youth problem



LEGENDS

behavior to common youth



common youth to behavior



adolescent problem

why

behavior problem factor

behavior therapy

game addiction

lack of family interaction
 able to provide:
 - sense of **challenge and competitiveness**
 - sense of gamble/ **rewarding**
 - provide a sense of violence

self-exploration
 \ **motivation**
 co-operativeness

environmental manipulation
 cueing
 conditoning
 operant conditioning
 or positive reinforcement

drug and alchohol abuse

physically stimulation
social value
 releaving hallucination

\ **identity**

modeling
 negative reinforcement

obesity

unhealth lifestyle \ **healthy lifecycle**

overcorrection
 shaping

adolescent problem

behavior therapy

behavior problem factor

aim atmosphere

activity

game addiction

environmental manipulation
cueing
conditoning
operant conditioning
or positive reinforcement

self-exploration
motivation
co-operativeness

sense of challenge
and competitiveness
sense of rewarding

competitive sports

drug and alchohol abuse

modeling
negative reinforcement

identity

relax
self reflection
exploration

music
art
recreation

obesity

overcorrection
shaping

healthy lifecycle

motivational
healthy

exercise

ERIKSON'S STAGE OF PSYCHOSOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

Erik Erikson listed **challenges** in early stage of life from infancy to adulthood

approximate age	virtues	psychosocial crisis	significant relationship	existential question	examples
0-2 years	hopes	basic trust vs mistrust	mother	can I trust the world?	feeding, abandonment
2-4 years	will	autonomy vs shame & doubt	parents	is it ok to be me?	toilet training, clothing themselves
4-5 years	purpose	initiative vs guilt	family	is it ok for me to do, move act?	exploring, using tools o making art
5-12 years	competence	industry vs inferiority	neighbors, school	can I make it in the world people and things?	school, sports
13-19 years	fidelity	identity vs role confusion	peers, role model	who am I? what can I be?	social relationships
20-24 years	love	intimacy vs isolation	friends, partner	can I love?	romantic relationship
25-64 years	care	generativity vs stagnation	household, workmates	can I make my life count?	work, parenthood
65-death	wisdom	ego integrity vs despair	mankind, my kind	is it ok to have been me?	reflection on life

<http://web.cortland.edu/andersmd/ERIK/welcome.HTML>

http://www.psychology.sunysb.edu/ewaters/345/2007_erikson/2006_erikson.pdf

Crain, William (2011). Theories of Development: Concepts and Applications (6th ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson Education, Inc.. ISBN 978-0-205-81046-8.

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PARENTAL NURTURE					
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2 STARTING STEP OF ADULTHOOD					
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PRISON ISSUE

OFFICER ABUSE
-PHYSICAL GAZE

FREEDOM IN PRISON

TIME SPEND ON EACH FACILITIES/SPACE

DRUG AND DEVICE SMUGGLING

PHYSICAL AND SEXUAL ABUSE

ACTIVITY PRISON OFFER

OLD INMATE ARE NOT ABLE TO WORK

LOSE SENSE OF SOCIAL CONNECTION

VALUE OF SOCIAL TO INMATE

LOSE SENSE OF SOCIAL CONNECTION

MOST PEOPLE WHO COME OUT GO BACK TO PRISON

PRISON MOBS

PRISONER POPULATION/ PRISON CAPACITY

